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TWELVE PAGES - ONE RIVAL

Bani-Sadr urges Gulf to protect oil wealth

ABU DHABI, Feb. 10 (AP) - President Abolbassan Bani-Sadr of Iran bas urged all Gulf states to cease hickering and unite in safeguarding their oil wealth, the newspaper Al Ittihad reported Sunday.

Stability in the Gulf region means ridding ourselves of super-power conflict," the paper quoted Bani-Sadr as saying in an interview. We must establish a strong and consolidated (Gulf) internal front and strong relations

between governments and peoples. He deplored the industrialized countries of the West for "continuing to suck and swallow our oil revenues."

Bani-Sadr conceded that there is a degree of instability in the region and disclaimed any responsibility by the revolutionary regime in Iran for what he called "tense relations between peoples and their govern-

We are not responsible for peoples' rejection of their government," said Bani-Sadr, "We will not attempt any action against these Apparently, he was trying to allay fears stemming from recent threats of annexation of Gulf countries by Iran.

"We reject the assumption that Iran is try-ing to take up the role of policeman in the Gulf region," he said.

'These claims have been voiced by governments, whose peoples hold different opinions, and this is what matters to us." Meanwhile, President Leonid I. Brezhnev

has sent an official message stressing the Kremlm's desire for "good-neighborly relations' with Iran, Moscow radio reported

It said the message had been sent to Iran's Ayatollah Khomeini to mark the first anniversary of the victory of the Iranian revolution.

Brezhnev's official reassurance of friendly intentions toward Tehran came amid Western reports of increased Soviet military activity along Iran's northwest border.

The Soviet news agency Tass described such reports as "slanderous."

Goodwin, General Dynamics' F-16 program

Plans for the United States to co-produce

both the F-16 and F18L fighter aircraft have

met with opposition from the U.S. Defense

Department, aircraft manufacturers and the

National Association of Arab Americans

Oppositon centered on the theory that the

United States "can not afford to incur the.

wrath of Arab states, who vehemently

A primary focus on discussion on the issue

was whether Israel is exempt from the con-

straints the U.S. government applies to other

nations co-producing U.S. defense equip-

oppose a co-production agreement."

manager for Israel.



MONDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1980 JEDDAH RABI-AL-AWAL 24, 1400 A.H.

RETURNS TO RIYADH: King Khaled returned to Riyadh from Taif Sunday. He was accompanied by Defense Minister Prince Sultan. The King had been in Taif to receive Morocco's King Hassan who, arrived Friday on an official visit. King Hassan meanwhile returned to Taif after a visit to Medina, where he prayed at the Prophet's Mosque. He was accompanied by Prince Abdullah, second deputy premier and commander of the National Guard and Information Minister Dr. Muhammad Abdu Yamani. The Moroccan Cruwn Prince Muhammad and the King's son Prince Rashid also accompanied him.

Soviet, Indian leaders to discuss Afghanistan

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10(R) — India, which has said it asked Soviet troops to withdraw from Afghanistan, plays host this week to Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko who is trying to win support for the military

The Afghan problem is likely to dominate Gromyko's 44-bour visit, starting on Tuesday, which is the first to India by a Soviet leader since the troops moved into Afghanistan and Premier Indira Gandhi returned to

India, which signed a friendship treaty with the Soviet Union in 1971 during Mrs. Gandhi's first tenure as prime minister, fears the region might become a theater for superpower rivalry as a result of the Soviet action and the proposed rearming of Pakistan.

Mrs. Gandhi feels that persuasion and negotiation; rather than confrontation, are the best ways of bringing about a Soviet withdrawal from Afghanistan.

This was the message conveyed to President Jimmy Carter through his special envoy to India. Clark Clifford, who agreed on a recent visit that close relations between New Delhi and Moscow might prove useful.

India, favoring a regional approach to the Afghan issue, sent envoys to Afghanistan and Pakistan before Gromyko's visit and is also consulting other neighboring countries.

Former foreign secretary T.N. Kaul, known to be close to Mrs. Gandhi, said last week India must enter into treaties with countries in the region for security and to solve bilateral problems collectively.

But Indian officials, questioned about a possible regional initiative on Afghanistan, remained caudious, saying it was too early to predict whether the continuing consultations

would lead to anything.

Meanwhile, the Soviet communist party newspaper Pravda has accused the United States of interfering in Afghanistan's internal affairs, browbeating its allies and dependent countries in a drive for domination, Moscow radio said Sunday,

Once the U.S. stopped its interference, the Soviet Union would withdraw its forces from Afghanistan, according to Pravda, quoted by Moscow radio's world service and monitored by the British Broadcasting Corporation in

Pravda said a "massive campaign of misinformation, lie and slander unleased by the media of the U.S.A. and its NATO allies"

was assuming grotesque forms.

It said, "It is admitted everywhere that never before has Washington's presence been so crude where allies and dependent countries are concerned. Everything is being done to browbeat them into accepting the U.S. drive for domination."

Pravda said, "Even a decision whether to take part in the Moscow Olympics or not becomes a touchstone of political loyalty to

the United States. The Soviet Union was retaining its usual calm and leaving the door open for a return to

the policy of reason, Pravda said, adding: "Consequently it all depends on the West. It is in the common interest to get the United States to stop interfering in Afghanisian's internal affairs. Then the Soviet Union will return home the limited military contingent now in Afgbanistan at the request of its legitimate government, and Afghanistan will be able to develop its economy and pursue democratic reforms in more tranquil condi-

Libya wants OIC talks on Tumisia

JEDDAH, Feb. 10 - Libya has requested an emergency meeting of the Islamic foreign ministers conference to discuss what it termed the French invasion and occupation of Tunisia,

Libyan Ambassador Ahmed Fawsi Hilal formally submitted a request to the Organization of Islamic Conference Sunday, and it already bas circulated among the amhassadors of Islamic states herc.

Speaking to Arab News Sunday Hilal said the French "intervention in Tunisia is similar to the Sovies action in Afghanistan."

He strongly denied Tunisian allegations of Libyan involvement in recent disturbances in Gafsa, the Tunisian mining town, The town was overrun by a large group of Tunisians allegedly trained and armed by the Libyan

More than 40 persons on both sides were killed and many more wounded before the Tunisian army quelled the uprising. The Tunisian government was aided by French military assistance, which was revealed by

The Libyan ambassador said the Islamic for eign ministers must debate the issue as was done with the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan, and did not see much difference between the two situations.

He said Tunisian claims of Libyan meddling were completely unfounded and demanded to see "any shred of evidence of Libyan involvement." Those taking part in the uprising were Tunisian nationals, and it

Turkey promised no Saudi aid, Yamani says

RIYADH, Feb. 10 (SPA) — Turkish newspaper reports that Saudi Arabia would offer Turkey loans and credits to obtain oil if Turkey would provide military facilities to the United States are groundless, said Information Minister Dr. Muhammad Abdo Yamani Sunday

"This report is entirely and absolutely (abricated in whole, in part and is completely untrue," Dr. Yamani said. He added that the government policy is clear and is publicly announced. The government rejects such policies and does not believe in any agree-

ments of this kind, he said. The report claimed the recent visit to Turkey by Britain's Foreign Minister Lord Carrington was aimed at "strengthening relations between Turkey and Saudi Arabin." Under this agreement, it was alleged. Turkey would provide facilities at its military bases for U.S. forces while the Kingdom extended in Tunisia, he added.

Hilal hoped the conference would be held soon and preferably in Jeddah. He said that in his opinion such emergency meetings should properly be held where the headquarters of

the organization is located.

The conference was attended by 38 Islamic states, Only Syria, South Yemen and Afghanistan failed to attend, Egypt was barred because of its peace treaty with Israel. Hilal said Libya is very concerned about the French action taking place in a neighbor-

Lası week Tunisian Premier Hedi Nouira said the guerrillas who attacked Gafsa intended to declare the region independent. Forty-two of the captives revealed they

intended to seek foreign support if they succeeded in seizing and holding the town.

"It is logical to assume they would have called on the government which harhored, trained and supplied them," he said. Tunisia has since expelled the Libyan amhassador and recalled its own from Libya.

Sarkis accused of siding with rightist forces

BEIRUT, Feb. 10 (R) - A pro-Syrian political leader accused President Elias Sur-kis Sunday of siding with Lebanese rightists and allowing them to assume total control of the state.

Assem Kanso, leader of the Lebanese branch of the ruling Syrian Buath Socialist Party made the allegation against a background of increasing tension caused by Syria's decision to withdraw its troops from The decision, announced a week ago,

raised fears of a resumption of the 1975-76 civil war between Lebanese rightists and an alliance of nationalist and Palestinians, Allout fighting stopped with the entry of Syrian troops into major combat zones.

In an interview with the weekly magazine Monday Morning, Kanso said: "The state...has come under the total control of the (right-wing) Lebanese front". He said that President Sarkis had "allowed the trightwing) Falangist and National Liberal gangs to confinue their conspiratorial activities and

their coordination with Israel. A stream of Lebanese officials and influential partisans scrambled to Damascus during the past five days in a bid to talk Assad into calling off the withdrawal plans.

Bui Lebanese parliament speaker Kamel Asaad returned from a whirlwind visit to Damascus Saturday night with what local newspapers described as "good tidings."

The state of the same of the same of the

The F-16 Multirole Fighter Israelis third to fly F-16s

Houston Bureau

FORT WORTH, Texas, Feb. 10 - The Israeli Air Force HAFI officially accepted the first of its 75 F-10 multirole fighters here on Jan. 31 at the General Dynamics plant. Following a signing ceremony on the flight

line. IAF Brig. General Amos Lapidot, and U.S. Air Force Lt. Col. Jerry Singleton flew the two-seat version of the versatile fighter to Hill Air Force Base, Utah. The Israeli Air Force thus became the third

air force within a week to begin flying the advanced, Much 2-plus righter, in earlier ceremonies in Europe, on Jan. 25, the Royal Norweigan Air Force accepted the first of its 72 F 16's and the Royal Danish Air Force accepted the first of its 58 multirole fighters on Jun. 28. Transfer papers for the Israeli F-16 were

signed by Maj. Gen. Arie Levy, director of the Israeli Ministry of Defense Mission to the United States: Brig. Gen. Lapidot; U.S. Air Force Maj. Gen. James A. Abrahamson, director of the F-16 program; and Richard E. Adams, General Dynamics Corporate vice President and general manager of the company's Fort Worth Division, which produces

The first seven Israeli Felos will be assigned to the 388th Toetical Fighter Wing [TFW] at Hill for initial IAF pilot and maintenance training. Subsequent aircraft will be ferried directly to Israel by U.S. pilots. Thirty-five F-10s are scheduled for delivery to the IAF during 1080, and the 75th aircraft will be delivered in late 1981.

IAF personnel are scheduled to take preliminary F-16 maintenance training at the General Dynamics plant this year. A dozen israeli pilots are commencing F-16 flight training at Hill Air Force Base. Upon arrival there, Brig. Gen. Lapidot was presented with an F-16 first flight certificate by Lawrence W.

ARCHITECTURAL

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What kind of people are we --By Paul MacDonald WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 (OFNS) - Two summers ago the Federal Bureau of Investigation set up a 'sting' operation to recover several works of art missing from Long

the stolen pictures. The operation, codenamed 'Abscam' for 'Arab scam' - started well enough, luring dozens of petty villains.

Island. Actors were paid to pose as wealthy

'Arabs' with millions of dollars to invest in

Then, to the astonishment of the FBI, ostensibly respectable American citizens began to suggest that they, too, might like some of the "Arab" money in exchange for favors'. The mayor of a New Jersey city, a gambling commission official, aides to a Washington congressman, incredibly, an aide to a United States senator - all hinted that they might be interested in helping the "Arabs" their friends bad told them about.

FBI chiefs realized that what had begun as a clever investigation of a stolen property ring had acquired vast political implications, with members of Capitol Hill intimately involved in highly corrupt practices. So they moved their sting to the apparent fountainhead of the crime - Washington, DC.

The result, now that newspaper leaks have ended 14 months of fishing, bas staggered this city well used though it is to scandal in

Decree launches Kuwaiti revision of constitution

KUWAIT, Feb. 10 (API - The ruler of Kuwait Sheikh Jaher Al-Ahmad Al-Sahah issued Sunday a decree appointing a committee to revise the country's constitution, an official announcement said.

The committee, due to hold its first meeting on Feb. 19. includes lawyers, academics, journalists, businessmen and former parliamentarians

The late ruler Sbeikh Sabah Al-Salem Al-Sabah dissolved the parliament and suspended some articles of the consultation Aug. 29, accusing deputies of hindering legislation and harming the country's relations with other Arab countries.

high places. The FBI paid out more than \$-400,000 in bribes, and videotaped one senator and seven members of Congress three of them chairmen of powerful congressional committees - taking bribes from the burnoused, bit-part "bedouins."

The operation bas ended in a blaze of publicity orchestrated by a weary but thankful FBI. The house rented by the agents - in' which they placed their hidden microphones and videotape machines -- is ready to be banded back to its owner, an unsuspecting newspaper reporter.

The Arab-American Friendship Committee has sent a protest, wondering why the FBI didn't choose ' Jews or nondescripts, or some others who are just as corrupt', as the centerpiece of the probe.

Congress has gone all but berserk with corporate embarrassment: the Senate and House Ethics Committees - normally regarded as moribund or as a contradiction in terms have promised to investigate the members named by the FBI. The Justice Department says it will have indictments prepared within weeks. A number of the congressmen are expected to lose their seats and may well go to jail for up to 15 years apiece.

Only one legislator seems to bave derived much benefit from the affair. Larry Pressler, an ambitious young senator from South Dakota whose attempt for the Republican presidential nomination foundered for lack of money, is recorded on FBI videotape telling the "Arabs" to keep their money, and that he was baving nothing to do with a

patently illegal scheme. The detailed way in which the FBI set up their 'sting' is the stuff of legend, not to mention Hollywood. On Sept. 19, 1978, three months after the beginning of the Long Island nperation, a man claiming to be L. Robert Johnson of the Olympic Construction Corporation, approached a Washington Post reporter to ask if he could rent his empty house in the fashionable Georgetown section of

Washington. The reporter agreed. He also agreed to Johnson's request to carry out some \$ 25,000 worth of 'renovations'. These turned out to include the installation of extra-bright lighting, and hidden microphones and video

The reporter's suspicions were not unduly aroused, although he wondered vaguely if his bouse was being used by the CIA.

He was surprised as anyone when the news broke, and the Washington Post was among the last with the story. When he rang up and asked to speak in his tenant, the evidently mythical L. Robert Johnson, the man who answered the phone said: 'He is totally unavailable. I doubt you'll ever see bim again.

Americans!

The rent, though, was always paid on time. What the video cameras reportedly recorded was more incredible still. A steady stream of men, many of them members of Congress, arrived for evening meetings with a purported Arab - a Lebanese hire for the operation.

The formula was more or less the same at each encounter: the Arab would ask the congressman or senator if he could help to arrange immigration for 'a friend' who was then in an Arab country but 'might like to come to this country if there was trouble at

The plea was accompanied by offers of money - to which, in many cases, the congressmen nodded or said 'no problem,' according to the FBI men who gave the tale to' the press. One senator was seen stuffing 'every available pocket of his jacket and his pants' with dollar bills: a congressman and his companion were seen brawling over custody of a briefcase bulging with some \$ 50,000.

The story continues even now. It appears the FBI also rented a gigantic ocean-front apartment in Florida in which to stage parties with more bribes - for willing legislators and elected officials.

Hotel rooms in New York and Philadelphia, too, were the scenes of a number of offers and acceptances of bribes: some dozens more city, county and state officials are expected to end up in court as a result of this, the biggest FBI operation in recent his-

But will the operation turn out to be a success? Defense lawyers argue that the FB1 practised 'entrapment' - using law officers to tempt innocents into committing crimes. That is illegal.

The affair bas caused outrage, perhaps nowhere more eloquently expressed than by Senator Pressler himself, 'I am incredulous that I am being praised from every quarter for baving ailed to accept a bribe. What kind of a system have we got, what kind of people are we, what times are these; that a man can be praised for not doing wrong? Something is

economic aid and oil credits to Turkey.

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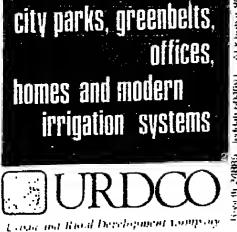
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DESIGN AND LANDSCAPE

Naif orders

Tribunals will judge traffic rules violations

RIYADH, Feb. 10 - Special tribunals will be set up throughout Saudi Arabia to judge traffic offenses. This move follows the instructions of Interior Minister Princ Naif. Al Medina reported Sunday.

A bigh-level committee has been made up of the deputy ministers of interior and justice. the Riyadh police commander, and the Riyadb traffic commander to draw up regulations for the tribunals.

Public Security Chief Gen. Abdullah Al Al-Sheikh said that the tribunals would alleviate pressure on the Sharia courts.

He ruled out, though, any possible revision of traffic laws that involve prison sentences for offenders. There are many accidents in Saudi Arabia, and law and order exist essentially to protect lives and avoid the shedding of blood dear to the country.

However, he added, consideration will be given to special cases involving the future of the driver, such as a plane to catch, school or university tests, or to health.

But, be insisted, "we should understand our sons working in traffic when they somelimes resort to severe measures to enforce

Mecca next month

Mosque panel meeting set

JEDDAH, Feb. 10 (SPA) - The World Council of Mosques will meet at the Muslim World League in Mecca next month. They will discuss a variety of topics, includ-

ing the digression of thought that resulted in the attack on the Holy Haram, the Soviet aggression against Afghanistan and the continuing occupation of Palestine and the Islamic holy places, at the top of which comes

Meanwhile, the Department of Endow ments in the Eastern Province announced in

Dammam Sunday projects for repairing and building 32 mosques in the area. The cost of the projects was estimated at SR30 million by the director of the department, Seif Ibrahim Al-Seif.

In other Islamic developments, it was reported in Mecca Sunday that Ministers of Endowments and Islamic Affairs from across the Muslim world will hold their second conference in Mecca between March 9 and 12. They will discuss Islamic consolidation and other topics vital to the Islamic World.

viost parts of the kingdom will retain low
air pressure. Skies will be cloudy to partly
clouding, with thunderstorms especially in
the central, northern and parts of the south-
ern regions and highlands.

Winds will be southerly and anoderate to active in the central, northern and southern regions. They will raise sand, and limit hori-Zonial vision occasionally,

Seas will be inoderate on the Red Sea, light to moderate in the Gulf, Sunday's temperatures Lipaximum.

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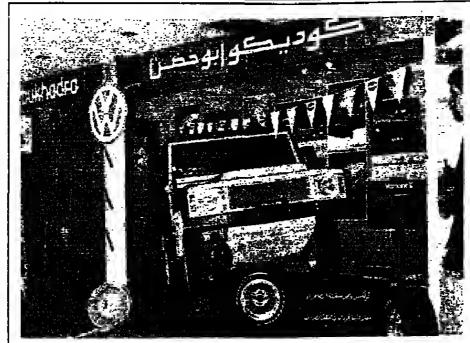
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Bab Sharil - Tel. 22774
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SHOW: The first motor show in the Eastern Region attracted 14,000 visitors and prompted the organizers to plan another one next year. The show, which was held at the Al-Gosaibi hotel in Alkhobar, ended Friday, It had on display 83 cars, the products of 28 manufacturers. "It was a great success," said one of the organizers, Mounir Tadros, general manager of the hotel. "We are going to do it again from Feb. 14 to 20 next year."

Cooperation discussed

Nazer sees German official

RIYADH, Feb. 10 (SPA) - Minister of Planning, Sheikh Hisham Nazer, received Sunday Edward Adorno, federal affairs minister of Baden Wuntemberg on West Germany. They discussed cooperation between the Kingdom and West Germany. Adorno has discussed developing

Saudi Arabia with several senior Saudi Ara-He held talks Wednesday with Sbeikh Abdullah Alireza, deputy foreign affairs minister for economic and cultural affairs, on .

economic relations between the state and

possible areas of cooperation in industry and agriculture. Alireza said after the meeting that the West Germans were briefed on the economic and industrial and international relations polices of the Kingdom.

Meanwhile, Ibrahim Al-Gadahi, deputy minister of information for administrative affairs, received here Sunday Michel Drumetz, the French ambassador. Their talks concentrated on improving Saudi Arabia television under an agreement signed between the two countries.

Gadahi said the work was in progress on developing television, under the government's plans to extend transmission to all

To Saudi firms

School building deals awarded

RIYADH, Feb. 10 (SPA) - The Ministry of Education Sunday signed two contracts with Saudi Arabian companies for building an intermediate school in Hasa for SR5.9 million and a primary school in Bisba for SR2.9 million.

The ministry will take part in the Riyadb International Book Fair, open for ten days from Feb. 27. The fair is organized by Rhadh University Libraries, and the ministry will display school books, specialist magazines and statistical books.

Sheikh Ibrahim Al-Hajji, deputy minister of education for cultural affairs and director of libraries of the Ministry has been authorized to prepare the ministry's wing in the book fair, in cooperation with the Department of Antiquities.

Meanwhile, it was reported that the Education Directorate of Riyadh will organize a camp for scouts from all educational directorates of the Kingdom during the spring vacation. About 230 scouts will take part.

In other developments, a medical seminar will be organized by King Faisal University in Dammam between March 22 and 24. It will be attended by officials of the Ministry of Health and of medical institutions from the Kingdom and other Gulf states.

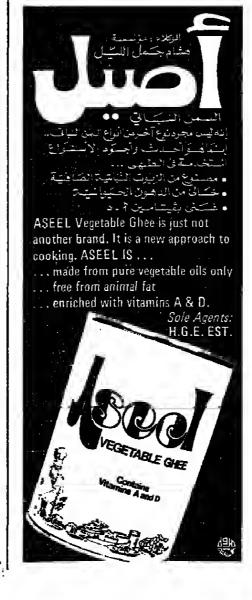
Meanwhile, the Vocational Training Center of Hasa announced Sunday that

Historic Islamic sites discovered

BAHA, Feb. 10 (SPA) - A team of archeologists has discovered historic Islamic sites in the Western Region. Some of these areas are buried, and a full announcement will be made when research is completed.

The successful team is from the Department of Antiquities of the Ministry of Education. It is exploring between Medina, 424 kilometers north of Jeddah, and Qunfuzah, about the same distance to the south. Other archeological teams are working on

the south-western and north-western regions, and on the Darb Ain Zubaidah (Ain Zubaidah way) which starts in Mecca and ends in Iraq.



О,

parts of the country.

registration for the evening classes in carpentry, welding and car mechanics will begin Feb. 18.

The center will graduate 201 trainees from the present evening classes next week. They have completed courses in carpentry, electricity, plumbing, welding and car mechanics,

It was also reported Sunday that the costs for the fourth phase of the expansion project at the University of Petroleum and Minerals. and infrastructure projects on the university estate, have exceeded SR1 billion.

The fifth and final phase will begin shortly, according to Al Riyadh.

Saudi Comment

By Adnan Kamal Saleh Al Medina

A few weeks ago I received a letter from an engineer friend, Muhammad Wahbi Al-Harin, expressing his admiration for the work and accomplishments of the mayor of Jeddah, Muhammad Said Farsi. My friend said he has been instrumental in the progress and development of the city.

At the same time he made several proposals for the beautification of the city which may be of interest to the mayor. Some of the monuments set up in parts of the city are attractive and successful but others may well be replaced by the real things, like steel and stone that look like palm trees. We can plant some of the best trees in the country, like the ones in Medina which are the largest in the Kingdom. They are not only huge, but shady and beautiful. They can be very attractive in certain locations.

Hariri did not like the rocky parks being

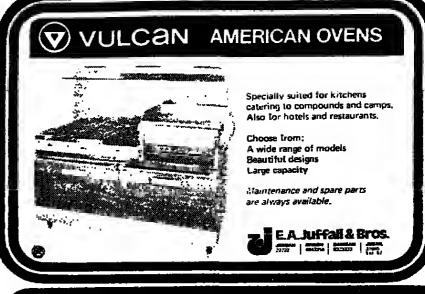
built in the city because they don't belong here. They are ideal in countries where rain is abundant and where flowers and creeper plants sprout around them and make marvellous gardens. Besides, he said, gardens should be distinctive. By Aziz Zia

Al Bilde

The traffic police launched a campaign last week to check on civil servants and police and military officials driving taxis in defiance of government orders. They also checked to see that no men under the age of 35 were driving taxis.

This has led to a discussion about whether government employees are allowed to engage in trade. Some said they were within certain bounds others said they were not.

Whalever is the truth, I believe that government employees should never be permitted to engage in business and I do not think they are allowed to anywhere.





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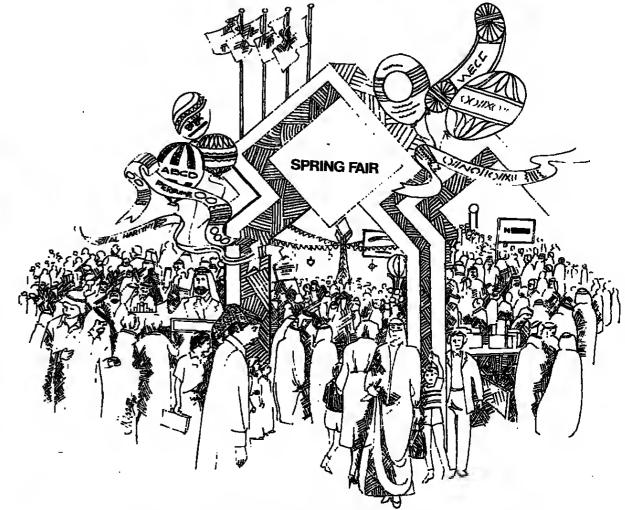
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Spanish premier leaves or Iraq, Jordan visits

MADRID, Feb. 10 (Agencies) — Spanish mier Adolfo Suarez left Sunday for an ecial visit to Iraq and Jordan.

The crisis in Iran. Afghanistan and Middle st as well as bilateral relations were recred the main matters to be discussed by wer in his talks with Iraq's President Sadin Hussein and Jordan's King Hussein.

Suarez will visit first Baghdad and Spanish icials said top on his agenda will be to arantee imports of crude oil from Iraq, 2in's second main supplier after Saudi

On Fuesday the Spanish premier will leave Baghdad for Jordan,

He is accompanied by Foreign Minister Marcelino Oreja and Commerce Minister Juan Antonio Garcia Diez.

Spain, which has no diplomatic relations with Israel, bas always expressed support for the Arabs in their demand for a total Israeli withdrawal from occupied Arab territories,

In September last year it became the first West European country to receive Palestinian commando leader Yasser Arafat. The Palestine Liberadon Organization also has an office in Madrid.

In dealing with rebellion

marrial rule

larcos rejects foreign meddling

tANTLA, Feb. 10 (AP) - President Ferand viarcos has rejected what he called righ meddling in his handling of the pine Muslim rebellion in the southern

but he said Saturday that Islamic countries act as witnesses to any agreement betin the Philippine government and the yan-based Moro National Liberation ni (MNLF) which has led to a bloody



Islamic Conference Secretary General Habib al Chatti Thursday ended a factfinding tour of the Muslim communides in Cotabato and Zamboanga. He was the third such official to visit the country since 1973 to look into the problems of Filipino Muslims.

Marcos said Chatti assured bim early this week that the 52-member conference wanted to try to solve the problems. In Zamboanga Chatti told reporters the organization would cononue to help find a fair and acceptable soluoon to the unrest

In Cotabato, Philippine Ambassador to Funisia Pacifico Castro quoted Chatti as saying be was pleased by the way the Tripoli agreement was being implemented.

That agreement, signed in December 1976 between the MNLF and the Philippine government under the auspices of the Islamic Conference, called for a ceasefire in the southern Philippines. The pact broke down a year later after Muslim rebels killed an army general and 34 of his officers and men.

'Peace should be for everybody, and peace should belong to everybody." Chatti said.

Hammadi's visit to Belgium

European-Arab dialogue stressed

BRUSSELS, Feb. 101R) - Belgium and of have agreed to renew efforts to reuplish broad-based dialogues between the appears and the Arab worlds as soon as esphie a communique issued after the visit Iraqi Foreign Vanister Saudoun Hammadi

the two sides said unity would strengthen superindence and economic growth of have regions and establish a better balance in internacional relations.

On the Middle East question they agreed, according to the communique, on the need for Israeli withdrawal from all occupied Arab lands, including East Jerusalem, and the implementation of the national rights of the Palestinians, including the right to self determination in their own fatherland.

Hammadi left Saturday for Bonn at the end of a three-day official visit bere.

U.S. trade group holds Egypt talks

CAUCO, Feb. 10 (R) - A U.S. trade hand to held talks with Egyptian Prime ngter Sinstapha Khalil on bil ations the senti-official newspaper Alrain said Sunday.

it had the two sides reviewed the developnot of trade relations and ways of attracting

American funds for investment projects in Egypt.

The newspaper gave no further details but

said the trade delegation met Egyptian Minister of Economy and Foreign Trade Hamed Sayeh and Minister of State for Economic Cooperation Gamal Nazer.

our American firms blacklisted

O'DHA, Feb. 10 (R) — The Arab Boycott free said Sunday it had blacklisted the tren-based Rank Organization and four 5, tirms for dealings with Israel.

the office named the U.S. firms as the 20th Company of Michigan and American ectronics Laboratories Inc. of Pennsylaid, both electronics firms, the Keystone mayin Corporation of New Jersey, and ation Engineering Inc. of Florida.

The office said military equipment produced by Pearlson would be exempt from the ban as long as it was supplied directly to

defense ministries. Boycott office sources said some Arab countries were understood to have military

contracts outstanding with the company. The office imposes bans on all foreign firms dealing with Israel.



هكذا من الما صل

READY: A revolutionary guard checks his weapon in front of the U.S. embassy in Tehran. The revolutionary guards stand guard outside the embassy while students hold 50 Americans hostage inside the embassy.

Press silence aided escape of Americans

By Colin Smith

NICOSIA, Feb. 10 (OFNS) - The escape of six American diplomats from Iran on Canadian passports and forged Iranian exit visas is at least partly due to the fact that Western diplomats succeeded in persuading members of the 300-strong foreign-press circus in Tebran to keep their mouths shut.

The first inkling that there might be American diplomats living underground in the Iranian capital came at Christmas, when American dergymen were allowed by the students to hold a service for the bostages inside the embassy.

Afterward there was an argument about the precise number of hostages the students were bolding. The dergymen said they had seen 42 hostages and that their captors bad told them there were seven more who refused to come to the service, making a total of 49. In Washington the State Department insisted that 50 diplomats were being held, but declined to publish a full list.

It began to dawn on some American and British reporters that the State Department's reluctance to identify the capoves might be to do with the fact that a few American dip-Iomats were still at liberty.

At first it was thought to be one diplomat, but in the face of persistent questioning a member of another Western mission soll operating in the capital admitted there were more.

Most, it seems, were members of the U.S. Consular Section, whose office is at the rear of the embassy compound. As the mob came storming in at the front of the embassy on Nov. 4, they went out the back way and escaped through the maze of side alleys.

At least one other was out at lunch. When he heard what bad happened, he headed straight for another embassy for sanctuary. It is understood that the fugioves lived a wandering existence in the first days after the embassy seizure, moving from one diplomat's bome to another - usually after dark - until they came to rest with the Canadians.

At one time it was considered getting them out across the Turkish border through the dissident provinces of Kurdistan and Azerbaijan, but in the end it was decided that the risks were too great.

"Some of these people were clerks working in the consulate," I was told at the time, "not James Bond. They'd bave to get through 100 many Pasdaran (Revolutionary Guard)

For those diplomats in the know, their biggest dread was that, as the story of the hostages dragged on and the situation at the U.S. embassy remained basically unchanged, the temptation for some journalists to write about the diplomats in hiding would be over-

"For God's sake don't do it," several of us were told. "It could cost lives."

Morocco to raise phosphate prices

LONDON, Feb. 10 (OFNS) - A \$14 million skyscraper office block on the outskirts of Casablanca is a monstrous reminder of the beady days when Morocco thought it could rule the phosphate markets of the world.

Not any more. OCP, the state-owned phosphate company, is in trouble and the country's grandiose investment plans for industry and agriculture have come unstuck.

Back in the mid-1970s, when Morocco was the world's leading phosphate exporter, ahead of America and Russia, it began spending anticipated profits on a showpiece of irrigation in the arid plains.

Prices were jacked up in the confident assumption that no one else would ever lay bands on the rich phosphate mines of the Western Sahara. But then came costly war against the Polisario guerrillas, a slump in world phosphate demand and phosphate dumping by the Americans.

As a result, prices have tumbled to \$34-37

a ton, half the 1975 peak. Last year's phosphate income, expected to total only \$700 million, is unlikely to cover even the country's oil bill. Morocco will bave to add to its buge foreign debt simply to keep going.

The one bright spot is a predicted increase in demand for phosphates this year. As a result, Morocco is planning to raise prices by \$15 a ton, to around \$50. But in real terms that is only equivalent to the 1973 price.

Mnch of any increase will go on investment in newly discovered mines. There will certainly not be enough to put together the pieces of Morocco's sbattered economy.

Only a fraction of the ambitious irrigation projects have been completed. King Hassan once boasted that by this year Morocco would bave one million bectares equipped with modern irrigation methods.

When the program was launched in 1974, it was calculated that one area alone, the buge 250,000-hectare Gbarb plain in the north, would be enough to feed the whole of the country. But barely a third bas been irrigated, and completion dates for the wbole project bave been put off to the 1990s.

And then there is the Polisario war in the Western Sahara. The king recently suggested the cost could be \$250,000 a day.

It is not surprising that Morocco's foreign debt should now have reached a stagering \$5.5 billion, or roughly balf of one year's gross domestic product. Over one-fifth of all export earnings are baving to be used to service that debt, and there are signs that the necessary loans are becoming more difficult to find. The International Monetary Fund bas been called in, but went away dissatisfied, leaving behind nothing but a promise to return in the spring.

Privately Moroccan officials are pessimisoc. Not only are there no signs of an upturn materializing, but some of Morocco's traditional markets for agricultural exports are

sbortly going to disappear.
When Spain and Greece join the European Economic Community, Europe will be selfsufficient agriculturally, and Morocco, which has already bad to stand by while fields of its tomatoes rotted because France and Italy would not let them in, will be worse off than

In the meantime, as the World Bank bas repeatedly pointed out, Morocco continues to try to export to unstable markets, while refusing to make the necessary investment in the non-irrigated wheat farming areas that could bring the country nearer selfsufficiency.

One answer is land reform; failure to deal with traditional feudal practices bas helped to widen income differentials over the past decade.



Iran's first President Abolhassan Bani-Sadr kisses the hand of Ayatoliah Khomeini at Bani-Sadr's swearing-in ceremony last week.

West sees hostage crisis first test for Bani-Sadr

LONDON, Feb. 10 (OFNS) - The emergence of Abolhassan Bani-Sadr as first president of the Iranian Islamic Republic will inevitably be judged in the West initially by its effect on the fate of American hostages still held in Tehran,

Can the new president resolve the crisis peacefully and can he then go on to stabilize I ran's domestic and international position? Can he restore the economy, reorganize the armed forces, deal with demands from nadonal minorities for regional autonomy, guarantee democracic freedoms, curb sectarian fanaticism and maintain Iran's national independence and nonalignment?

Clearly a tall order for any man, but Bani-Sadr has never been lacking in optimism or self-confidence.

Within 24 hours of his victory last week, in what was probably the most democratic election Iran bas known, Bani-Sadr made plain his intendon that he, and not the students or the mullahs, would govern the country,

He made a number of conciliatory statements, raising bopes for the release of the American hostages, He was also unequivocal in his condemnation of the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan, promising aid to the rebels.

If the new president's intentions are good, what about his power to carry them out? By contemporary Iranian standards, Bani-Sadr is a moderate on strong ground. He has not only received an overwhelming mandate from the Iranian electorate - be polled three-quarters of the votes - but he speaks at a time when many Iranians have begun to tire of the revolutionary

Bani-Sadr comes from a religious family and is himself a devout Muslim. His father and grandfather were Ayatollabs. He was one of seven children. Brought up in Hamadan province, he moved to Tehran University to study first theology and then economics and sociology.

His father taught him to hate the monarchy and especially the Pahlavi dynasty of the Shab. As a young man he gave his political support first to Dr. Mossadegh and the National Front who nationalized the Anglo-Iranian Oil Company and were overthrown in 1953 by the American-engineered coup which brought back the Shah. But he left the front to join the Islamic movement, which be considered more radical.

He moved to France in 1963 after taking part in rioting in Qom against the Sbah's land and other reforms and against American influence.

His 15 years in France were spent studying, teaching and as an exiled publicist trying to persuade the Paris press of the rotten state of affairs in Iran under the

While in exile he corresponded with Kbomeini, who was a friend of his father.

It was at his father's funeral in the boly city of Najf in Iraq in 1972 that he met Khomeini for the first ome.

Six years later when Khomeini was obliged to leave Iraq, it was Bani-Sadr who arranged a home for the ayatollah in the small town of Neauphle-le-Chateau near Paris.

There in his first appearance on the international stage as khomeini's secretary and disciple he seemed more an intel-

lectual than a practical politician. His mild appearance is deceptive. It was he who persuaded Khomeini to reject any compromise with the Shah or the Bakhtiar

Bani-Sadr, who is 46, will be president for four years. Above him will be Khomeini and a council of religious leaders.

Below him the extent of his power will depend on the complexion of the new parliament to be elected shortly. Two months ago be made a statement hinting that the American bostages should be released, II cost bim his job as foreign minister, although he stayed on as minis-

know bow far he can go in controlling the radical elements of the religious leaders. Although be has spent over balf his adult life in Paris, Bani-Sadr and bis ideas, a mixture of Islamic religion, nationalism and left-wing economics, are not easy for

ter of finance. His main problem is to

Westerners to understand, In bis political program for which be campaigned tirelessly in the presidential election in the most remote towns and villages of Iran, Bani-Sadr bas been a consistent advocate of more freedom for the Left. He argues that Communism, which he rejects, was no threat in Iran since it bad meager support and Iranians did not take to an atheistic creed. He also appears conciliatory toward ethnic minorities.

The apparent inconsistency of bis economic ideas has been the despair of many economists. At one end of the scale is a "small is beautiful" thinker, advocating a return to the land, self-sufficiency and a simpler life, a change from a consumer society to a producing one. At the other end is a commitment to centralized

He is committed to continuing steel and petrochemicals as Iran's two main heavy industries. He was one of the architects of the nau onalization of the banks, insurance companies and virtually all industries of any significance,

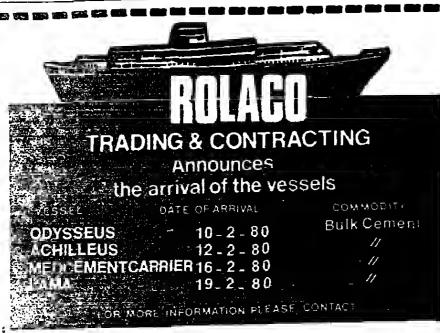
A barsh cride of both superpowers, Bani-Sadr believes the world economy to be dominated by United States "imperialism" through the role of the dollar in international finance.

Bani-Sadr's success or failure and the ability of the West to understand him, could have an importance far beyond Iran's fronders. For be is the kind of leader the West is likely to encounter with increasing frequency in its dealing with the Third World and especially elsewhere in the Middle East.

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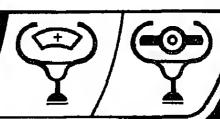
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Senate Democratic Leader Robert C. Bytd.

favors registering men but has taken no posi-

tion on including women. He tuld reporters

this week he is not sure how the Senate will

White said "I think the president is making

a gesture to certain groups who feel women

should be treated equally in all respects, bad

"But there's no way in the world that any

one in the White House or the Pentagon

could regard registration of women as being in the interests of national security." White

said. "Why should we have this turmoil at the

White said that "since we have no will to

put women in combat at this time - the

Secretary of Defense and others said registering women would be a gesture, a matter of

equity - then I don't feel there is a need to

House last month that the subcommittee will

easily approve Carter's call to renew registra-

non of men but is lined up 6-3 against includ-

approval from many women's and veteran's

Carter's decision met with cautious

But Phyllis Schafly, head of the stop Er,

movement, which claims membership o

50,000, criticized Carter's decision to registe

the nation's 4.2 million 19 and 20-year-ok

"President Carter stabbed America:

womanhood in the back in a cowardly sur

render to women libbers - Schafly, whoorgan

ized a national perition against registerin

women. "If this administration can't standu

to women's lib, they can't stand up to th

Russians. Americans won't stand for their

But other women's leaders say that

women must assume responsibility for help

ing with naional defense, they should als

"We believe in full equality for women i all aspects of American life," said Iris Mi

gang, chairwoman of the National Women

Political Caucus, the nation's largest femini

A spokesman for the American Legic

said the Veteran's Organization favors reg

"But we don't favor using women in combat role," said Michael Schlee, the le

David Landau, staff attorney for

American Civil Liberties Union, said t

ACLU will file suit if Congress kills regists

nion of women, but allows men to be reg

tered. The ACLU opposes registering men

The president of the League of Wom

Voters of the United States, Ruth Hinerfe

said, "We support equal opportunity rega-

less of sex. We would not oppose include

women in a draft." Pat Reuss, execut

director of the Women's Equity Acts

League, appealed to Congress to appoi

"We look now to Congress to put asi.

outdated versions of women's role in socie

ton's director of national security.

tering women for the draft.

women, Landau said.

daughters to be drafted."

have equal rights.

organization.

The Mississippi democrat told the White

as well as good."

register women."

Salvador militant freed; embassy still occupied

SAN SALVADOR, Feb. 10 (R) — An El Salvador judge ordered the release of a leftwing militant whose freedom was demanded by a group which seized the Spanish embassy on Tuesday.

Judge Alfonso Buitrago ruled Saturday there was insufficient evidence to justify the further detention of Norma Guevara, a leader of the Popular League of February 28. She had been accused of illegal possession of

About 70 members of the League seized the embassy and are holding eight hostages, including Spanish Ambassador Victor

West is key for Sakharov, letter claims

MOSCOW, Feb. 10 (R) - The wife of exiled physicist and dissident leader Andrei Sakharov said his life depended on the West remembering his plight and keeping up pressure on his behalf,

In an open letter read to foreign reporters at her mother's Moscow apartment, Mrs. Yelena Sakharov also called Saturday on Western scientists to avoid contacts with their Soviet colleagues who have kept silent on the banishment of her husband.

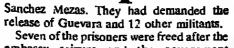
The usually calm Mrs. Sakharov, whose strong will has provide much of the driving force for the physicist's human rights campaigning over the past decade, twice broke into tears as she read the letter.

"The life of my husband depends on you remembering him and on your persistence." a section of her letter addressed to the hundreds of foreigners from many countries who have visited them over the years said.

They are refusing him the right to a trial, and as soon as you forget about him and fall silent they will make short work to him without worrying too much how this will be presented to the world," she declared,

Mrs. Sakharov, a frontline nurse during World War II and later a pediatrician, was speaking at the end of a week in Moscow during which she said had come to the conclusion that the situation was likely to get worse for her husband and all dissenters.

She was returning early Sunday to Gorky, 250 miles (400 mks) east of Moscow, to where her husband was banished last month-



embassy seizure and the government released three others last night. Another escaped while being transferred between prisons on Thursday, the authorities said.

The ambassadors of France and Ecuador, a local human rights organization and church representatives are mediating in the case, but there was no immediate indication that the militants were prepared to end their occupation of the embassy.

Other members of the LP-28 organization seized the headquarters of the Christian Democranc Party last month and are holding several bostages, including the wife of Educa-tion Minister Eduard Colindres and a daughter of Jose Morales Erlich, a member of the ruling civilian-military junta.

They have not specified any conditions for the release of the hostages at the party build-

A group of militant students occupied the education ministry on Feb. 5 and are holding about 60 captives, including Education Minister Colindres, to back demands for free education for all.

El Salvador over the past six months has experienced a wave of violence and kidnappings, including that of South African Ambassador Archibald Dunn who was seized by left-wing guerrillas last Nov. 28.

A mixed civilian-military junta overthrew right-wing president Carlos Humberto Romero on Oct. 15.

But the diverse left-wing groups operating here have expressed dissatisfaction with the pace of reforms and have declared war against the authorities.

In related matters, Salvadorean coffee grower Jaime Batlle Geoffroy kidnapped hy leftist guerrillas six months ago, was freed here Saturday police said.

No details of the release were given nor was it known how much ransom was paid to the guerfillas of the Popular Liberation

The FPL still hold South African Ambassador Archibald Gardener Dunn who was kidnapped on November 28.

South African heart transplant pioneer Dr. Christian Bernard, who has been trying to negotiate the release of Dunn, disclosed in an open letter published in San Salvador recently that the guerrillas were asking for a\$ 20 million ransom.

Salvador's police have assured the Spanish government that they will not interfere in the embassy occupation.



Polls give Carter Maine

Senator Edward Kennedy sent out an army of 1.000 volunteers to bring out the vote in Sunday's Maine Democratic caucuses and save him from emharrassing political defeat in his native New England.

Public opinion polls have given President Jimmy Carter the decided edge in the caucuses — the second voter test of strength between the men battling for the Democratic presidential nomination.

While Kennedy's volunteers are knocking on doors, trying to convince Kennedy supporters to attend the caucus meetings to he held in 428 precincts around the State, the Massachusetts Democrat is due to make a last-minute swing through Maine appealing for votes.

Political experts rate Kennedy as the underdog in the Maine contest, although the Carter camp claims the race is too close to

Carter aides say the Kennedy side has much the better organization. For example, they said they only planned to send some 200 volunteers out Sunday in a door-to-door canvas for support.

Carter has not campaigned at all in Maine.



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the two-to-one victor in last month's Iowa caucuses, the first test in the 1980 presidential campiagn.

Maine Democrane afficials said they expected less than 10 per cent of the State's 230,000 Democrats would attend the caucus meetings that are to be a nine-bour period in churches, halls, private homes, civic centers and fire stations,

At the meetings, Democrats will choose more than 2,000 delegates to a state convention in May which in turn picks some 22 delegates to the party's national convention in

Although the process is complicated and Maine's 22 delegates form only a minute portion of the 1,000 votes needed to win the Democratic presidential nomination, Kennedy has pulled out all the stops.

His supporters have hired armories around the state to house volunteers and the senator has campaigned heavily in Maine.

Kennedy's national campaign is still reeling from his loss in Iowa and a poor showing there will certainly harm his chances in the New Hampshire primary - the first in the nation - 16 days away.

Death toll rises in caste violence

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10 (R) - A caste war in India's eastern Bihar state has claimed another victim, bringing to 14 the number of people killed in the last week.

Officials said that in a fresh attack Saturday a lower-caste crowd opened fire in Sarthur village, killing one upper-caste farmer and injuring several other people.

The entire Jehana bad district was reported under guard. Two more companies of paramilitary police had been sent to the area where upper and lower caste Hindus have

been involved in. The trouble started last October when peasants, mostly Harijans (untouchables), beheaded a local landowner named Ram Miranjan Singh for alleged illegal land-

grabbing in Parasbigha village. Officials said Singh's relatives and suppor-

ters retaliated last Thursday. About 100 upper caste armed men descended on Parasbigba in the early hours of Thursday, encircled 40 households, set them on fire and shot anyone who came out. eyewitnesses said.



at the Panama Canal during training exercises recently. She is among the growing number of women in the U.S. armed forces whn say they now bars women from front-line duty.

But see victory in Gulf

Allies doubt U.S. strength

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 (R) -America's friends appear confident U.S. forces could repel an initial Soviet bid to take over the Gulf but are less certain about their effectiveness in a wider, prolonged conflict.

This emerged in a survey of various world capitals following President Jimmy Carter public commitment to protect the Gulf if Soviet forces attempt to move heyond Afghanistan.

The survey showed that government and defense experts in various capitals, including Peking, generally are reassured about the military capability of the United States, primarily because of its powerful and sophisticated weaponary.

But they have mixed views of the qualify of Americans put in uniform since conscription was abandoned in 1973 during the Vietnam war, when U.S, forces numbered three mil-

Some think the present all-volunteer force of two million has lowered the standards of U.S. military manpower. Others believe it would drop even more should the call-up be renewed. · At the same time, almost all U.S. allies

praise Carter's recent plan for registration of 16 million Americans of military age, a move regarded as a warning to Moscow, The survey showed some official concern

in Pakistan, Australia, France, the Netherlands, as all as NATO military analysts in Brussels, about U.S. army standards. But British, West German, Italian, Spanish

and New Zealand authorities took an opposite view. A number said the quality of American servicemen was high, particularly because of lessons taught by the Vietnam The confidence and concerns come against

a backdrop of some close scrutiny by U.S. congressmen of the capabilities of U.S. forces to back Carter's pledge to protect the Gulf. The U.S. fleet bas dwindled since Vietnam

from more than 900 warships to about baff that number. The Carter administration proposes building 97 new warships over the next five years, but pressure is building in Congress for more. The navy bas been strained to keep aircraft

carriers in waters around Jran, where it is said the revolutionary atmosphere could offer temptations for a further Soviet adventure.

Two carriers are there now, but the Pentagon says one will eventually have to be removed. Even a one-carrier deployment forces a reduction of navy units in the Western Pacific and the Mediterranean, and that concerns some allies, including Japan.

 Mainly hecause of the congressional concerns. Pentagon officials have revealed what otherwise would be secret plans, saying the U.S. could move 24,500 men into the Gulf within two weeks of a Soviet attempt to seize vital oilfields.

Carter administration officials also emphasise efforts to obtain permission from some countries in Africa and Asia - Saudi Arabia, Oman, Kenya and Somalia among others - for U.S. forces to use their ports and airfields in any Gulf emergency.

The United States now has only the small British-owned island of Diego Garcia as a resupply base for its ships in the Indian Ocean, and plans a major build-up of its

The survey produced the following country-by-country assessment of the strenghts and weaknesses of U.S. forces, as seen by defense experts: Far East and Pacific

Pakistan - The United States retains a major advantage over the Soviet Union because of a superior industrial and technological base. But the quality of military manpower bas fallen at a time when highly intelligent servicemen are needed to operate increasingly complex weapons.

Islamabad wants U.S. forces strengthened in southwest Asia to counter the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan, although it does not want American troops on Pakistan

One major disadvantage is that it bas virtually no bases in the region, while the Soviet Union can function as a continental Asian power with borders close to areas of high strategic interest.

"The Russians can move troops into the region overland from their training and cantonment areas and fly aircraft from home bases," one Pakistani defense expert said. "The United States cannot."

Communist China: Peking is impressed with U.S. military capabilities, especially in technology. The Chinese see themselves linked with the United States, Western Europe and Australia in a common drive in thwart Soviet designs. They want to join the United States in parallel measures to offset the Kremlin's moves in Afghanistan. This means each aiding Pakistan, a neigh-

bor of Afghanistan and an ally of China, with military equipment such as trucks and small

The Chinese have welcomed Washington offers to provide them with miltary support equipment as well as advanced civilian technology that could be applied to military use. Japan — The Carter administration's revival of draft machinery and its proposed

increase in the defense budget are regarded as demonstrating U.S. determination and ability to defend the non-Communist world. But Moscow has been narrowing the military gap with Washington.

Soviet naval power in the western Pacific and the Far East has become formidable, almost a match for the U.S. Seventh Fleet.

British officers said wiretapping in North Ireland

LONDON, Feb. 10 (AP) - British army officers in Northern Ireland, frustrated at official restrictions on wiretapping, are bugging telephones in the province on their own London reported.

The paper said the officers' unofficial and illegalwiretapes are part of a growing use of private bugging equipment by individuals and commercial concerns.

Northern Ireland army beadquarters in Lisburn, a garrison town south of Belfast, declined all comment on the Sunday Times

However, military men have been complaining privately for some time that the campaign against the Irish Republican Army and other guerrilla organizations in the strife-torn province is being hampered by restrictions on security forces.

The Sunday Times report appeared certain to stoke up a major controversy over alleged widespread bugging by intelligence agencies and Scotland Yard.

Newspapers have reported wiretap targets included thousands of private citizens, labor unions and even friendly embassies, including the U.S. mission in London.

The IRA's "provisional" wing is an almost exclusively Roman Catholic guerrilla movement fighting to end British rule in Northern Ireland and reunite the Protestantdominated province with the neighboring Irish Republic, which is 97 per cent Catholie.

The province has been ravaged by sectarian feuding between Protestant and Catholic extremists as well as IRA insurrec-

tion since August, 1969.

The Sunday Times quoted the spokesman of an unidentified private security firm as saying that it sold bugging equipment to army nifficers in Belfast and gave them instructions on bow to operate it.

"We sold our first unit to them two years ago," the spokesman said.

Marchers hail Pretoria gunman JOHANNESBURG, Feb. 10 (R) - An

estimated 20,000 people, many waving clenched fists and singing freedom songs, turned out for the funeral of a black guerrilla killed in a Pretoria bank siege 16 days ago. The funeral procession Saturday stretched

for two kilometers as it wound through Johannesburg's black township of Soweto. Police fired teargas at a number of stonethrowing groups.

A police spokesman said they took the action to prevent a bus being hijacked and after some vehicles had been stoned.

A hospital spokesman said eight people were treated for injuries and discharged. Thousands of youths sang, waved their fists and chanted slogans in support of the dead guerrilla, Fannie Mafoko.

"He was not a terrorist, he was a hero." one slogan declared.

The funeral brought largest turnout for a black person's burial since that of "black consciousness" leader Steve Biko, whn died in police custody nearly three years ago.

Women 'up in arms'

Draft policy draws fire

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 (AP) - President Jimmy Carter's proposal to register women for a potential military conscription drew quick opposition in Congress with the

chance it will be rejected. "I'm sure he realizes it will not pass," said Representative Richard White, a Texas democrat who chairs the House of Representatives Armed Services Subcommittee that will get Carter's recommendations.

The speaker of the house said overwhelmingly it will not pass," White said, "It's no

Speaker Thomas P. O'Neil has said he told the White House last month the house probably would approve Carter's proposal to register men, but would reject registartion of

Most countries bar women from military service

WASHINGTON, Feb.10 (AP) - While President Jimmy Carter's proposal to register eligible women for military duty is a controversial subject in the United States, female conscription is absolutely taboo in most other countries of the world, even in wartime.

Israel and Romania are among the few nations with compulsory military conscription for women, although many countries have women volunteers in their armed forces. None serve in potentially bazardous combat-ready roles.

Carter took pains in his announcement to indicate that American women would serve in non-combat, support duty.

Yugoslavia drafts women for civil defense, or the "All People's Defense," as do other socialist countries, but not for regular army services. Yugoslav authorities are considering women's military conscription for the future, however.

The Communist Chinese government bas the authority to draft women, but there is no indication that it is used at the present time.

The Soviet Union, which still conscripts men, does not force its female citizens to serve in the army. Nevertheless, male and female students in the U.S.S.R., China and other Communist countries are given some military training and have a basic familiarity with weapons, usually within the context of civil defense.

The most notable use of women in a military function today is in guerrilla or liberation movements, such as the Palestine Liberation Organization and the Polisario Frant in North Africa, But they are not drafted, at least in the conventional sense of the term.

Female guerrillas in these movements usually show extreme devotion to the cause, and often volunteer for the most dangerous assignments. The leader of a seaborne PLO raid on the Tel Aviv-Haifa highway in 1973 was a woman code-named "Dahlia," She was killed in the raid, which left 36 others dead, and was designated a "martyr for the revolution" - the highest bonor - by the PLO.

The Sandinistas in Nicaragua used women in combat in their victorious campaign against President Anastasio Somoza last

But many societies, especially in peacetime, frown on women in the military service: It is unthinkable in most of Latin America. There are no women at all, even volunteers, in the Italian armed forces. Even Israel, which takes pride in the milit-

keep them out of combat. When a group of

female communications soldiers was trapped

at the Bar Lev line during the 1973 war, and

several were wounded, it practically caused a

national scandal.

and to declare through appropriate legis tion that women should have equal respon bility to participate in our national defer effort," she said. The registration program for 19 and 2 year-old would begin later this year cuacted, but the White House gave no day ary readiness of its women, takes great care to

Carter's recomondation.

The registration forms would requi name, address, date of birth, and social se urity number. The forms would be checked postal windows "to insure that they are le ible and complete," a White House "fr sheet" on the proposal said.

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Best team ever

f₁U.S. enters Lake Placid confidently

LAKE PLACID, New York, Feb. 10 (AP) - On Monday, the XIII Winter Olympics regin at this picturesque Adirondack Mounain playground, and athletes from the inited States appear poised to increase their nedal count from the 1976 games.

At the 1976 Innsbruck Games, America's winter sports exponents gathered 10 medals - three by speedskater Sheila Young-Ochowicz.

Ochowicz is retired now, married and the mother of a 1-year-old danghter, but she left a legacy of U.S. dominance in speedskating that could propel America to its best Winter Olympics ever.

The most medals ever won by the United States in the Winter Games was 12 in 1932 at Lake Placid - six gold, four silver and two bronze. Last time around, America had three gold, three silver and four bronze.

There are 12 winter Olympic sports speedskating, figure skating, downhill skiing, slalom, giant slalom, ski jumping, cross-country, nordic combined, hiathlon, bobsled, luge and ice hockey - with 38 events in all. offering a possible 114 medals.

Picking up where Ochowicz left off will be Eric and Beth Heiden of Madison, Wiscon-

Eric, 21, swept hoth the overall and sprint championships this season, his fourth in a row for each. His sister, Beth, won the overall and iunior world titles in 1979. · Men's speedskating is contended over five

distances, and Eric is favored in all. "It's nnavoidable to see Eric as the favorite to claim every gold medal available in

speedskating," says Peter Schotting, tho

While Beth was shut out of major titles this season, she can be expected to contend in all four women's distances.

Between them, the Heidens very well could win nine medals, nearly equaling 1976's total.

But it does not stop there.

The husband-wife team of Peter and Leah Poulos Mueller will be strong in the shorter distances. Peter was a gold medalist in '76 in 1,000 meters, and Leah won the 1976 women's world sprint title.

More medals are probable in figure skating. Several other categories — alpine skiing, bobsled, cross-country skiing, jumping and bockey - also could produce others.

In figure skating, Linda Fratianne, a 19year-old Northridge, California, is the reigning world singles champion for women, and is favored to win the gold here. The defending men's world champion is Vladimir Kovalev of the Soviet Union, but 1978 world champion Charles Tickner of Littleton, Colorado. could come away with a medal.

The team of Tai Babilonia and Randy Gardner of Los Angeles reign as world pairs champions, but perennial Soviet titlebolders Rodina and Alexander Zaitsev bave returned from a year's retirement and will challenge.

Those two skating sports alone then could yield as many as 13 medals. The Umited States' best shot at more is in alpine skiing -

downhill, slalom and giant slalom. Cindy Nelson, 23, of Lutsen, Minnesota, is America's only returning Olympic medalist in alpine skiing, having won a bronze in downhill at Innsbruck: She has to be considered a

Skaters score sprinting successes thirty seconds for the overall lead with

MILWAUKEE, Wisconsin, Feb. 10 (AP) - Erie Heiden, withstanding a surprising challenge hy unheralded U.S. Olympic teammate Tom Plant, was the overall men's leader Saturday in his bid for a fourth successive world speed skaling sprint champion-

Plant upset Heiden by three-hundreds of a second to win the men's 500 meter event, Heiden, who tied 1976 Olympic gold medalist Peter Mueller for second place in the 500, came back to win the 1.000 and gain the overall lead woth 77,305 points.
Norwegiaa ace Frode Roenning finished

fourth in the 500 and third in the 1,000 for second place overall with 78.525 points in the two-day event, which has attractive nearly 100 of the world's top skaters as a prelude to the upcoming Winter Olympics at Lake

Placid, New York. Plant was third overall among men at 78.695 followed by Gaetan Boucher of Canada with 78.910, Mueller with 79.050 and Eugeni Kulikov of the Soviet Union with

The women's races also held suprises as Karin Enke, an 18-year-old student from ... Dresden, East Germany won the 500 in ... 42.060 seconds and the 1,000 in one minute

84.975 points. Enke, who took up speed skating just two years ago because arm surgery had hampered her figure skating ambitions, made the East German team only as an alternate, but defeated defending world women's sprint champ-ion Leah Poulos-Mueller.

Poulos-Mneller, Peter's wife, was second in the 500 in 42.47 and fourth in the 1,000 in 1:27.32. She was second overall with 86.130

Beth Heiden, Eric's sister and last year's all-around women's champion, was third at 87.145. Sarah Donter of Madison, Wisconsin was a surprising second in the 1,000 and 1:27.07.

Plant, 21, will compete at 1,500 meters in the Olympics, but didn't qualify for 500 meter competition at Lake Placid. Yet, he Beat Heiden in the 500 Saturday with a time of 38.66 seconds.

Helden and Mneller were clocked in 38.69. "Anything you beat Eric in anything, you're surprised," Plant said.

"But there was no pressure on me," be said." Nobody expected me to do anything. If I did bad, there would have been no sweat off strong contender for another medal.

"I'm happy to have '76 behind me," she says. "Being the only medalist doesn't put any special pressure on me... I'm comfortable, I'm relaxed and I'm confident."

Nelson leads a large group of American women who have done well in the world cup this season. Heidi Preuss, 18, of Lakeport, New Hampshire, and Holly Beth Flanders, 21, of Manchester, New Hampshire, bave excelled in downhill. Christin Cooper, 20, of Sun Valley, Idaho, has had ber best year in giant slalom, and Abbi Fisher, 22, of South Conway, New Hampshire, is a threat in

The American men have not won an alpine medal since 1964 at Innsbruck when Billy kidd and Jimmy Heuga took second and third in the slalom. This year's hopes rest with Phil and Steve Mahre, twin brothers from Yakima, Washington.

"I've had a so-so season," Phil says. "I've been inconsistent. I'll be with the leaders in one run and make a mistake in the next. If I can put two runs together, I'll he satisfied." If the American skiers do as well at bome in the Olympics as they traditionally have done in the world cup, the alpine events can be expected to yield one — perhaps two — med-

. The materialization of bope for American medals in bobsledding has been a surprise. The reasons are varied — more track time than ever before, more sponsorship and thus better equipment, and an infusion of new, stronger athletic blood into the sport.

United States bobsled chances rest primarily on the shoulders of drivers Bob Hickey of Keene, New York, Howard Siler of Brushton, New York, and Brent. Rushlaw of Saranac Lake, New York.

Hickey, holder of the track record in four-man, includes on his team Olympie gold medalist Willie Davenport of Baton Ronge, Louisiana. Siler will drive both two-man and four-man sleds with major factor backing and "super-secret go-fast gear." Rushlaw, a veteran Olympian, probably is the best natural driver and holds the two-man track mark.

Even Swiss driver Peter Schaerer, brother of world champion Erich Schaerer, concedes the Americans a chance this year. Hickey was asked if an American gold

medal was possible. "We've got the support to do it," Hickey said, "The Europeans have better equipment, but we bave better teams." Again, as it was in '76, the only American medal threat in cross-country is Bill Koch, 24, of Guilford, Vermont. Four years ago, Koch skied out of anonymity by winning a

silver medal in the 30 kilometers. After some lean years, his coach, John Bower, says Loch is ready to win again, "He's fit. He looks good. He's ready to go."

It is possible that ski jumping could yield its first American medal ever. Jim Denney, a 22-year-old from Duluth, Minnesota, had the best season of his career last year, scoring an unprecedented victory in the 70-meter jump at the Salpausselka Games in Sweden.



Winter Olympics. On the four-man bobsled team will be two Black Americans, from left, Jeff Gadley, brakeman from Plattsburgh, New York, and pusher Willie Daveoport from Baton Rouge, Louisiana. Davenport has won two medals in the high hurdles during the summer

Near tournament record

Hawaiian Open leaders tied

HONOLULU, Hawaii, Feh. 10 (AP) -George Burns and Andy Bean continued in a deadlock Saturday in the third round of the \$ 325,000 Hawaiian Open, each scoring. 6-under-par 66s and 200 for 54 boles.

Predictions were that the tournament record of 267 would fall Sunday with several golfers in position to do it.

Burns, at the top from the tournament's start, stayed there with a 21-foot (6-meter) putt on the 13th hole while Bean, who equalled the course record 63 on Friday, needed and got a birdie on the 18th to continue the

Bean reached the green of the par-5, 555yard (505-meter) finale in two and then two putted for his birdie.

Bean scored seven birdies and a hogey while Burns, winner of his first professional golf association :tournament: in the Crosby last Sunday, went under par six tioes and never went over.

Two strokes back, at 202, came former pro tennis player Frank Connor, born in Austria, with a third-round 67 and Ed Sneed with a

Lee Trevino, the two-time U.S. Open champion and making his first start in 1980, fired a 65. The tournament's surprise, Don Pooley, shot a 67 to deadlock at 203. Both came at the 13th when he hit a no. 4 wood shot to within 8 feet of the hole and sank the

Pooley, who came in as a replacement for Grir Jones when the latter suffered an elbow injury, eagled no. 18 with a 20-foot (6-meter)

"I think the tournament record could be tied or broken," said Burns. "Getting an early start Sunday will heat the wind and beat of the afternoon."

Play is over the 7,234-yard (6582-meter) Waialai Country Cluh course with its par 72. Money-winning king Tom Watson, who shot a 66-205, said that with the perfect weather conditions and fine course, he doubted be could overhaul the leaders.

Mark Lve finished at 66-204. Tied with watson at 205 were Ben Crenshaw, 67; Larry Nelson, 68; and John Mahaffey,68

Hubert Green, who set the tournament record of 267 last year. his second straight Hawaiian Open victory, wasn't around. He scored only 145 for the first Iwo rounds and it took a 142 to stay in the competition.

Burns shot a 5-under 31 on the first nine but was only 1-under on the second. Bean carded a 32 on the front with five hirdies and a bogey. He added two more birdies on the second nine.

Meanwhile in Miami, Jane Blalock scrambled bome with a 1-over-par 73 Saturday but managed to hold a 4-shot lead entering the final round of the \$ 100,000 Ladies Professional Golf Association Classic at Turnberry Isle Country Club.

Blalock started Saturday's third round at eight under par and leading by five strokes after setting a women's course record Friday with a 6-under par 66 on tho 6,211-yard

(5,710-meter) layour. She fell to six under after 16 boles, but birdied the difficult 484-yard (442-meter), par-5 18th hole to get back to 209 and increase her lead to four strokes.

Tied for second at 3-under 213 were 1979 U.S. open champion Jerilyn Britz, who had a par 72, and Joyce Kazmierski, who shot 71. Three players - Sandra Spuzich, May Dwyer and Bonnie Bryant — were in at 214, followed by the trio of Debie Massey, South Africa-born Sally Little and Peggy Conley at

Nancy Lopez Melton bad ber second straight subpar round, a 70 that left ber at even-par 216 for 54 holes,

Spuzich and Little both made early runs at Blalock, each shooting a course-record 31 on the front nine. That put them at 5-under before they struggled bome on the final nine

Blalock was the only player among the leaders who birdied 18.

"Man, that's a relief," she said afterward. '1 hit the ball as well today as 1 did on Friday, but the putts would not drop. It (the 66) was a tough act to follow."

Blalock just missed birdies on four consecutive boles, starting at No. 11, sho bogeyed the 10th, 15th and 16th.

"I felt like I could bave done anything out there today, but it just didn't happen," Blalock said. "I don't feel the least hit comfortable with the lead."

In Australia, Stewart Ginn led all the way to win the \$ 20,000 Tasmanian Open golf tournament at the Royal Hobart Cinb Sun-

Liverpool continues dominance

LONDON, Feb. 10 (AP) - David Fairelough struck his first League hat-trick to help steer Liverpool to a 5-3 win over Norwick City in a dramatic English First Division soccer match at Carrow Road Saturday.

Fairclough, making his first full appearance for 18 matches, scored his three goals in 74 minutes, but Liverpool needed goals in the last three minutes to down defiant Norwich and move two points clear at the top of the standings.

Manchester United, Liverpool's higgest championship rival, lost it unbeaten home record by slumping to a 0-1 defeat against Wolverhampton Wanderers.

Veteran Martin Peters put Norwich 1-0 up after just one minute at Carrow Road, hut two goals from Fairclough put Liverpool in front. Revin Reeves levelled before half ome. but Fairclough struck again hefore Justin Fashann scored a fine equalizer. Then came goals from Kenny Dalglish and Jummy Case to sew up a remarkable match.

"That was terrific, I can't get over it," said three-goal hero Fairclough after the match. "That must be the highlight of my career."

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Navratilova meets Austin in Los Angeles

Gerulaitis faces Borg in Grand Slam finale

BOCA WEST, Florida, Feh. 10 (AP) -Vitas Gerulaitis outlasted fellow New Yorker John McEnroe in a thrilling first set tiebreaker and went on to victory Saturday in a semifinal match of the \$ 300,000 Grand Slam of Tennis.

Gerulaitis will vie for tennis' biggest top prize of \$ 150,000 Sunday afternoon against Bjorn Borg, who drubbed Guillermo Vilas 6-2, 6-1 in Friday's semifinal. The 25-yearold Gerulaitis has his victories against Borg, three-time defending champion in this event. Gerulaitis and McEnroe put on a dazzling

serve and voiley show, mixed with vicious passing shots and deft drop shots. Each pizyer broke the other's serve once in the "2-minute first set, setting the stage for the dramatic tie-breaker won 7-5 by

After exchanging service aces on the first two points of the tie-hreaker, the players went to 4-4. On the next point, Gerulaitis ripped a backhand passing shot down the line for an outright winner. McEnroe then netted a backhand, and

Gerulaitis missed a forehand making it 6-5.

Gerulaitis won the tie-breaker on the 12th point when McEnroe netted an easy fore-The 20-year old McEnroe seemed discouraged and impatient through much of the second set losing his serve in the fourth, sixth

and ninth games. The key game in the second set was the fourth. McEnroe served Iwo double faults and netted a backhand volley to give

Gerulaitis a service break and a 3-1 advan-The win evened Gerulaitis' record against



Vitas Gerelaitis

McEnroe at 3-3. Gerulaitis lost to McEnroe

Jimmy Connors in the 1978 semifinal. McEnroe lost to Connors last year in the Grand Slam semis.

stark contrast to Friday's semifinal, in which Borg and Vilas engaged in long baseline ral-

In Los Angeles top-seeded Martina Nav-

in the U.S. Open finals in September. This is Gerulaitis second appearance in the Grand Slam tournament where he lost to

The McEnroe-Gerulaitis match was in

ratilova and No. 2 seed Tracy Austin both struggled at times and played excellent tennis at others as each won their semifinals

matches Saturday night in a \$ 125,000 women's professional tennis tournament. Their victories mean that the two hottest players in the world will meet in the tourna-

ment finals Sunday afternoon. Austin dropped her first set 1-6 to No. 4 seed Virginia Wade of Britain, but recovered to win the next two sets by scores of 6-1 and

Navratilova breezed to an easy 6-0 win in tho first set of her match against No. 3 Wendy Turnbull of Australia, but had more difficulty in a second set that she eventually won 7-5.

"She started mixing it up more in the second set," said Navratilova of her opponent. "She knows if she misses her first serve, there is a lot of pressure on ber.

"I wasn't making any mistakes in the first set. In the second set, 1 got a little lazy and when I got back in the groove, it made tho

Wade dominated the first set against Austin. She hroke Austin's serve twice before Austin was able to bold service. But the second set belonged to the 17-year-old. In the second set, Wade double-faulted three times.

In the third set, Austin forced Wade in to numerous unforced errors, and when she came to the net, Austin consistently hit winning passing shots. Of the first set, Austin said: "I was making

way too many unforced errors, then she was

making them, because of dead hounces on

the court. This week I've been a slow starter.

Tomorrow 1 have to start fast." Austin and Navratilova have met 11 times, with Navratilova winning six of the matches.

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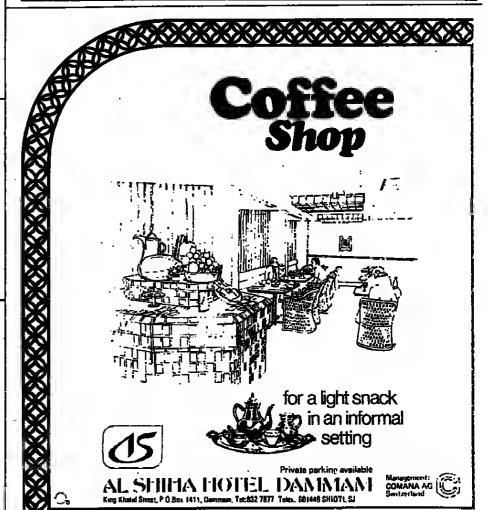
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RECOGNIZING THE STATUS QUO

Forty days after the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan, one point emerges clearly: The American and Soviet intelligence agencies have something in common: a near-fatal inability to arrive at true estimates of popular moods and popular capabilities in countries with whom the two superpowers are

The Americans bad their disaster in Iran, where neither the depth of feeling against the former Shah's regime, nor against the United States, was guessed at. They bad a further disaster in Afghanistan, when they failed to predict the Soviet move,

and so prepare for it beforehand. The Soviet disaster is still in the making, in Afghanistan, where nothing but wildest fancies about the probable popular Afghan reaction to the Soviet invasion could have swayed the Kremlin leadership to its course of action. The Soviet leaders were informed that the Afghans would welcome the "comradely invasion" with open arms; that there would be dancing in the streets; and the international community would therefore have no choice but bow to the manifest will of the Afghan population which wants, nay demands, Soviet help.

The first day of the invasion, bowever, showed the Soviet leadership what horrendous mistake it bas made. The people of Afgbanistan made their feelings about the aggression abundantly clear. They rallied to the Muslim fighters, and were soon followed by many Afghan army formations. The international outcry was forceful and immediate; so much so that, together with the internal reaction, it has caused the newly installed Kermal administration to visibly totter.

Having gone thus far, the Soviet leadership will of course have to go further. They will have to escalate their operations against the population, extending them, perbaps, to cover the Afghan refugees in Pakistan and Iran. Everyone is convinced of this by now, including the Americans. But they, following in the logic of their position as a superpower, are beginning to show signs of recognizing the status quo in that country. What they seek at the moment is a counterbalancing advantage elsewhere.

But if the superpowers can dispense with principles in this way, the smaller nations of the world cannot. For the principle of independence and freedom from foreign interference is for them a matter of life and death and not a commodity which can be bartered for gain.



Afghanistan's most infamous political prison

By Tyler Marshall

KABUL -In Afghanistan's dominant Pushtu language, the words Pule Charkhi mean "bridge where the road

But to the penple of this politically oppressed West Asian nanon, the words are synonymnus with brutality, torture and death. For Pule Charkhi is the name of Afghanistan's most infamous political

Located in a derelict, windswept corner of the Kabul valley about 10 miles east of the city center, its lnw, sinister profile stands as a symbol of oppres-

What has gone on bebind the stone walls of Pule Charkhi in the past two years is still far from clear. Rumors, mixed with countless horror stories of chilling proportions told by former inmates and their relatives, created a legend of such terror that many found it impossible to believe.

However, in recent months, some details bave emerged that tend to substantiate the worst fears of those with friends and relatives inside.

Responsible sources bere now believe that between 12,000 and 15,000 Afghans may bave perished there during the past 20 months. Thousands of others may bave undergone the most

sadistic forms of physical torture. A growing number of foreign observers bere now believe that when the full truth is known, Pule Charkbi may rank alongside names like Dachau

and Auschwitz, the Nazi concentration camps, in terms of human suffering and inhumanity to man "The scale may not be as great, but Afghanistan is a small country so psychologically and socially. the impact may be very similar," said nne Western resident bere who bas attempted to trace events at

According to most accounts, there has been a prison of some kind at Pule Charkhi since the early part of the century. But Muhammad Daoud, the man who overthrew the last Afghan king and proclaimed the country a republic, is credited with con-

struction of the present prison. While prisoners were tortured at Pule Charkhi under Daoud, sources bere tend to view his excesses as not exceptional in a country where rulers have traditionally taken revenge on their opponents after seizing power. It is generally believed that mass executions and torture began only after the April 1978 coup that brought to power the Soviet-backed Marxist government of Nur Muhammad Taraki.

Taraki began a campaign of mass arrests to suppress mounting opposition in traditional Afghan society to his program of sweeping reforms.

Hafizullah Amin, who overthrew Taraki in a bloody coup last September, was put in charge of the reign of terror, carrying out his task with unprecedented zeal.

It is doubtful that anyone knows for certain how many Afghans were jailed at Pule Charkhi during the 20 months of Taraki's and Amin's rule, but Western observers estimate that for much of the time, the prison, which Daoud designed and built in the mid 1970s to hold 5,000, contained somewhere between 10,000 and 15,000.

Familes of those imprisoned rarely received any official confirmation of their loved ones whereabnuts, but most of those arrested in Kabul were taken to Pule Charkhi. The big question was whether the person was alive.

"If a family suspected their father or son was there, they would take a bundle of clothes and food to the guard," one source familiar with prison routine explained, "If the guards accepted what was brnught, it was a silent indicator the person was most likely alive. If it was rejected, it meant he was

However, because some guards were corrupt, acceptance was never an absolute guarantee thatsomeone was still alive.

According to three separate accounts, including one description from a former inmate, the names of those picked for execution would be called out at night, and thuse persons would be told they were being released. They were then put onto buses, driven outside the prison and shot.

The number varied from 20 to 100 each night. according to these accounts. Inmates first began to suspect that executions were taking place when relatives of those supposedly released were spotted at the main gate trying to give packages to prison

According to one reliable source, these suspicions were confirmed sometime early last year, when the Afghan prison officer in charge of one group of executions found discrepancies between bis execution list and those inmates on the death

Those not on the execution list were returned to the prison and recounted their story. A major prison not is said to have ensued, but it was crushed.

According to Western sources, the first inkling of mass murder at Pule Charkhi came last summer, after a group of peasants living a few miles from the prison complained of a bad odor emanating from an area nearby. It led to the discovery of several mass

While news of the discovery swept through Kabul, even the most ardent and government Afghans discounted rumors that as many as 10,000 bad been killed.

Then, last November, Amin, in an attempt to discredit Taraki, the man he had overthrown two months previously, ordered a list of those executed at Pule Charkhi and other, smaller pravincial prisons to be read out in public. Although no exact count was given by the government, one Western diplomat put the number of names at 9,700.

During the three and one half months beginning last September that Amin ruled the country. thousands of more Afghans in Kabul were rounded up and executed.

Sbortly after Afghanistan's new president, Bahrak Karmal, came to power in December with the support of thousands of Soviet combat troops, he announced a general amnesty of political prisoners from Pule Charkhi, Last month, more than 2,000 were released, lt

was then announced that the remaining prisoners would be set free later on, and thousands of anxious relatives and friends gathered ootside the prisons main steel-bar gates.

When only 150 prisoners were released, the angry crowd stormed the prison demanding that their relatives too be set free. They only retreated when guards fired into the crowd, killing two.

Now there are conflicting schools of thought about the number of political prisoners remaining inside Pule Charkhi. One former inmate released a few months ago claims as many as 7,000 still langu-

The government alleges that only common criminals remain, along with some of Anin's senior

Need for new U.S. foreign policy

By Stanley Hoffmann

CAMBRIDGE, M President Jimmy Carter's State of the Union message entails not so much a new foreign policy as a repudiation of two familiar notions of the 1970s.

One is the Nixon Doctrine: The U.S. has discovered that it cannot rely on other nations to meet major Soviet challenges with limited assistance from it and that there is no substitute for its own forces. The other antion is the Carter administration's original belief that the U.S. relations with the Soviet Union could be treated as a less important issue than, and a separate problem from, the global issues of world order such as human rights, nonproliferation and energy. The Carter message, on the contrary, stresses the interaction between Soviet conduct and these issues, but the new tough line raises two serious questions.

First, Carter has warned Moscow that "its decision to use military force in Afghanistan will be costly to every political and economic relationship it values" - but are the sanctions decided upon or envisaged likely to oblige Moscow to change course? A boycott of the Olympics would be of geat symbolic value, but for Moscow the loss of the Olympics is hardly comparable to the loss of Afghanistan. The suspension of SALT II is likely to burt the U.S. far more than Moscow, for the treaty allows America to pursue all of its planned new nuclear programs while curtailing those Soviet programs that threatened the U.S. most. Especially if, as many of the treaty's critics assert, Soviet strategic doctrine is a war-fighting doctrine, SALT II made it more difficult for the Russians to have illusions about a surgical first strike or a victorious

nuclear war.

As for economic sanctions, to be really effective they would have to be imposed not by America alone but also by its major allies. This is unlikely for reasons that amount to a mix of interest, fear and distrust of an American leadership whose oscillations bave left many of its allies bewildered.

Second, the explicit Carter commitment to defend the Gulf region against a Soviet attempt to control it is a useful restatement of containment, but bere also there are difficulties. An effective barrier against Soviet aggression would depend on two conditions, neither of which has yet been met.

One would be the willingness of the Gulf states to give such priority to the Soviet threat as to provide the U.S. with military facilities without asking in exchange an American-sponsored resolution of the Palestinian problem that would go not only far beyond Israeli Premier Menahem Begin's notions but also beyond the ambiguities of Camp David. Carter's vague statements on this issue in the address are unlikely to prove adequate.

The other condition is a reduction of the hostilities and rivalries, such as those between Pakistan and India or between Iraq and Syria, that bave always made the barrier of containment so fragile. Moreover, the main threat to Western positions

in the area is not likely to be outright Soviet aggression: Moscow knows that the use of Soviet troopain Iran or in Pakistan would be far riskier than in Afghanistan. The greatest peril lies in internal turmoil and subversion, in a pro-Soviet regime taking over in one area or in Soviet-sponsored separatism disrupting another.

If Carter's commitment to resist Soviet attempts

to "gain control" does not extend to such even-tualities, the U.S. predicament will remain undiminisbed: but if it does extend to them, the U.S. could soon find, as in Vietnam, that American military power is no substitute for local political and social cobesion and that the key problem is not the absence of military power but its impotence in such situations

The other set of questions raised by the message concerns the relations between the new policy toward Moscow and the other issues in world affairs. Wisely. Carter has resisted the Kissingerian temptation of linking all of them to the Soviet-American rivalry and has reaffirmed his commitment to buman rights and to the control of nuclear weapons. But the tougher the line toward Moscow becomes, the more attempts at promoting human rights or non-proliferation will tend to be subordinated to the priority of containment.

The charge leveled against the administration that its buman rights policy undermined the Shah might be hurled again at any attempt to make the U.S. aid to Pakistan depend on non-proliferation and internal-reform commitments by the military regime. It will be easier to get congressional cooperation for a simple, or simpleminded, policy of renewed universal cold war than for a complex policy that tries to sacrifice neither the U.S. security nor its world-order interests. In other words, the task of defining an integrated foreign policy purged of the early Carter illusions about both Soviet-American relations and the solution of global issues in accordance with American ideals, yet concerned with pursuing both sets of problems simultaneously and coberently, bas only just begun. (NYT).

saudi press review

Newspapers Sunday led with summit talks between King Khaled and King Hassan II of Morocco. They quoted him as saying that Jerusalem was an Arab and Islamic issue and "we shall never allow another 'Afghanistan' in the Sahara". Al Jazirah led with King Hassan's press conference in which he said that the Saudi-Moroccan talks had centered on bilateral relations and Islamic issues. He was also reported as saying that the Soviets would be compelled to give up Afghanistan and that the pressure of events will change America's stance on the Middle East., While Al Medina nientioned Khaled-Hassan discussions Okaz said in a lead that a unified Islamic strategy to confront the hostile forces.

In a front page story, Al ritories. Jazirah Said that the United States

permanent representative to the editorials to commenting on the the future. mission in the Middle East with a visit to Kuwait Sunday. Al Riyadh gave front page prominence to Foreign Minister Prince Saud the establishment of foreign military bases on its territory.

One of the prominent frontpage stories in Al Medina dealt with the award of King Faisal International Prizes by Crown Prince Fahd Tuesday. Okaz highlighted Kuwaiti Defense Minister's reaffirmation that his country was militarily prepared to defend its territory against any external bilateral talks will help in mapping aggression and would also be found ready to take part in the liberation of occupied Arab ter-

United Nations. Donald meetings between King Khaled

on its soil. outcome of the meetings It high- of its occupied lands. lighted the need for a united

Al Nadwn described Saudi-McHenry, was to start fact-finding and King Hassan. The papers said Moroccan relations as "ideal." the two monarchs' meeting sym- and said that the government and bolized the will of the Arab and people of Morocco had a great Islamic nation and made a con- role to play in the defense of tribution to the policy of self- Islamic sacred places. The paper Al-Faisal's reaffirmation that reliance detached from big pow- said the Moroccan monarch's visit Saudi Arabia would never allow ers. They said that the present to Saudi Arabia was yet another meeting reflected mutual affect demonstration of bilateral cooption and hopes of the Arab and eration which will reinforce Islamic nation. The papers also Islamic solidarity and belp the two dealt with the Foreign Minister's countries to work together for reiteration that the Kingdom will mutual welfare and the interest of not allow any foreign military base the Islamic nation as a whole.

Al Bilad said in an editorial that Al Medina stressed the signifi- the concern of the two countries responsible for the security peace cance of summit meetings in the for Arab and Islamic issues will and stability of the region as a circumstances now prevailing in bring about fruitful results and will whole. the Arab and Islamic world. The enable the Arab and Islamic paper was optimistic about the nation to strive for the restoration dom's rejection of any foreign

action so that the whole nation firm decision not allowing any self-reliance and a step forward The newspapers devoted their remains prepared for any war in foreign military base on its ter- toward Arab and Islmaic solidarity.

ritory. It derived strength from belief in God and self-confidence in defending the country and the people from any external threat. In the paper's view, the best melbod to confront foreign threats was to remain committed to a course of positive neutrality without involvement in the struggle of world power blocs. The paper reaffirmed that Saudi

Arabia's stance reflected its. determination to protect itself and also other states and their peoples in the region. This attitude shows bow much the Kingdom feels

Okan also said that the Kingmilitary bases on its soil was a Al Jazirah said the Kingdom's direct contribution to the policy of



"Just a little patience. We've stopped wheat supplies and we're not going to the Moscow Olympics!!"

هكزا من الا جل

Finding Cleopatra's palace with a crystal ball

LOS ANGELES — The Mobius Group, a Los Angeles exploration and research organzation, is stirring up more mud than it disturbed in Aiexandria harbor last year when it uncovered ruins of what could be the palace Cleopatra,

Mobius recently announced that it used an international team of psychics to guide the archeological expedition.

"Psychic research pushes a lot of people's buttons," says Stephen Schwartz, the articuate, tireless president and founder of Mobius. "It is very, very threatening. It's frightening. It doesn't fit into the normal explanation of what constitutes reality, what everybody is comfortable with."

Weeks after the November descent and discovery by Mobius, two Egyptian scholars reevaluated the group's find of columns, blocks, massive granite heads and a headless sphinx. It is nonsense, they said.

The Mobius team, which announced its work before an annyal meeting of the Underwater Archeological Conference in Albuquerque, New Mexico, was further condemned by one member as "publicity seekers." Schwartz, leader of the diving dig and its two years of planning, hasn't fared much better in domestie circles. He has been described by associates on a former Mobius project as a liar whose interpretations confuse "boyish enthusiasm with scholarly research." Schwartz, however, is undaunted.

"I think the publicity attendant to this has been so extraordinary that a number of people (Mobius consultants) whose colleagues do not normally think of them as involved in the psychic suddenly find themselves publicly associated with the psychie and within their career group that might not be entirely comfortable. Suddenly, there is a little back-

pedaling going on."
Publicity surrounding Mobius for the past

journalism and honest inquiries. But Schwartz is determined to refute initial reports that Mobius has definitely located the 2,000-year-old waterfront palace of Cleopatra,

In his Alhuquerque paper, Schwartz did not claim positive hits on the palace. "It was felt" and "corresponded closely..." and "appears to be..." cushion every conclusion concerning the origins of the statuary, broken pillars, notched blocks of Aswan granite, a Pharaonie crown, lintels and pediments found at a depth of 30 feet and less than 100

In a cross between opening fortune cookies and judging the Academy Awards, Schwartz sent maps and questions, each in individual envelopes to prevent "psychic seepage," to 11 welltested psychics.

yards from the existing shoreline of Alexandria's Eastern Harbor.

"Unfortunately, most of the people in the press have leaped through the caveats and qualifiers that are contained within the paper." Schwartz says." What we have said is that we have found construction that is not Pharaonie. There is a floor down there which

is about 300 square meters, it is an area which one would associate with the royal palace and we would like to do much more extended research to see whether that is what it is."

كا من الاصل

Having hurled this barricade (although a Mobius press release of limited distribution contained a bald statement, since retracted, that the complexes "have been discovered..."). Schwartz eagerly returns to debunking those who would debunk psych-

Telepathy, automatic writing, telekinesis, clairvoyance, dowsing, and extrasensory perception he says, have become a legitimate discipline.

For more than 75 years, Schwartz says psychics have been used, but given only scant credit, on archeological finds in England, central Europe, Canada and Mexico.

Police around the world no longer think psychics should be scooped up in a net. Unconfirmed estimates say the Soviet Union is investing more than £ 50 million a year in psychological research beneath the camouflage of biophysics. Slowly, universides and scientific associations are turning to the sub-

But, Schwartz says, despite "rips and holes in the fabric of the reality consensus of the materialists," a vast block of the scientific community opposes the work. He believes it is resented because it challenges the fundamentals of established disciplines and requires the acceptance of anomolies. Schwartz uses history to prove his point that standard beliefs, even those rooted in learned theories, should not block innovation no matter how outrageous the experiment,

As scientists cannot explain certain phenomena, Schwartz says he could not explain psychics but he accepts their power. He estimates their accuracy at about 50 per

With this faith Schwartz decided in 1976 to form a group combining psychics and orthodox scientists, on equal terms. He decided to call it Mohius after Auguste Mohius, a 19th-Century French mathematician who believed in the integration of the seen and nuseen, the rational and the intui-

Its roster of 12 associates includes a professor of classical archeology from the University of Warsaw, the dean of the University of Southern California's Marine and Coastal Studies Institute and a full complement of electrical engineers, geologists, geophysicists and marine technologists.

Schwartz beld a Department of Defense post with the lofty title of special assistant. research and analysis to the chief of naval operations which, he says, meant almost three years of writing 600,000 words of speeches, 400,000 words of memoranda and 600,000 words of papers for feisty Admiral Elmo Zumwalt.

He was a consultant to the oceanographer of the Navy, is a student of all varieties of extra-sensory perception and author of The Secret Vaults of Time (Grosset and Dunlap.

1978), a book on psychie archaelogy. In November of 1978, historians Key Croissant and Cathy Dees supplied Mobius with a full study of ancient Alexandria, designed by Alexander the Great in 331 BC.

Two months later, in what is best understood as a cross between opening fortune cookies and judging the Academy Awards, Schwartz sent maps and a series of questions, each in individual envelopes to prevent 'psychic seepage," to 11 well-tested psych-

One was a supermarket checkont clerk in Los Angeles, another a high school drop out and parts manager for an auto dealership in British Columbia, Most requested anonym-

There was no thought at this time, says Schwartz, to seek underwater the palace of Cleoparta, nor other Alexandrian remains such as the Lighthouse of Pharos or the tem-ple complex of Isis Pharia, goddess of the Egypoan Trinity. All questions concerned the objective world and were general inquiries about antiquities that might be found in the area.

Six weeks later, the envelopes were in. Answers were studied and compared, Maps were set on a light table and overlaid. The whole formed what Schwartz prefers to call a 'consensual matrix' with left-field disagreements discarded and attention focussed on overlapping opinions and site predictions.

"There was close agreement of key areas, such as the ancient library of Alexandria and the necropolis," Schwartz says, "and three of the respondents sent us underwater information although we hadn't asked for that."

Lest March, in the company of Canadian psychie George McMullen and psychie Hella Hammid of Los Angeles, a skeleton Mobius team arrived in Alexandria.

Schwartz says the group rediscovered a three-story, underground Byzantine distern that bad been sealed and almost forgotten for 45 years, a 6th-Century community called Marea that local authorioes said had never been excavated, and enough evidence to indicate that the original respondents may not have been working on wild guesse

But during this time, says Schwartz, McMullen was continually sidetracked toward the barbor. Hammid's sense, was similar. "They were so specific, so adament, we felt ohigated to get permits to dive in the harbor," Schwartz says." We also sent a telex to Dr. Edgerton (Harold Edgerton of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology) and asked him if he would be willing to conduct a side-scan survey of the harbor.

Edgerton arrived in Alexandria on May 8. He surveyed the harbor and, despite deep silt



and suspended debris, the sonar recorded two submerged targets in the Eastern Harbor."We went home. It was time to regroup,

Part of that regrouping included mailing

The team spent three weeks on the harbor bottom competing with raw sewage pumped into the inlet from a city of 4.5 million, and a breakwater construction project dropping concrete blocks into the search site.

more questions to nine psychics in Mobius' dicrectory, which now included respondents in Italy. Again, the questions were general hnt did refer to Cleopatra, Anthony and

Julius Caesar. Written responses, particularly from McMullen, were much more detailed than the questions. "This is Cleo's palace," he replied, MeMullen's drawing showed a tiered, two-story structure. "Front of the palace was where water is now. The palace was not large or as grand as some. It was rather square and plain with steps going down to the water..."

Another respondent included a drawing. Her description also was of a two-story building. "There was a clear overlap around the Eastern Harbor, there were descriptions of columns with capitals, and agreement, at least in one area, with the sonar targets."
With enough of its \$ 500,000 budget from

five private investors remaining. Mobius returned to Alexandria in November, Now, with the full blessing of Dr. Muhammad Found Hilmy, governor of Alexandria, and the support of Egyptian navy divers. Mobius went underwater.

The team spent three weeks on the harbor bottom competing with raw sewage pumped into the inlet from a city of 4.5 million, and a breakwater construction project dropping concrete blocks into the search site.

But Mobius found areas littered with massive artifacts that Schwartz said was "fairly clear evidence" of the palace and temple complexes "where archaelogists and historians said they should be.

Schwartz is the first to agree that his finds were inclusive. More research is needed. Suction dredging should be attempted. Inscripuons will have to be sought. He hopes a wellfunded international team can pick up when ever and wherever Mobius decides to leave off. "We're no longer in the business of proving it (the psychici exists. It does exist, the disciplines can work together, now we want to show how this can be used economically and ethically."



Grenada after the 'weirdo'

ST. GEORGE'S, Grenada - The Day of the Jackal was playing at the main downtown theater here. In 1973, after one showing, the spy thriller about an attempt to overthrow the French government by assassinating President Charles de Gaulle was canceled by Prime Minister Sir Eric Gairy, who considered it too provocative for the island he ran like a family business.

Gairy is gone now, living in San Diego. He was a devotce of voodoo and unidentified flying objects - "a weirdo," in the opinion of a State Department official. He was overthrown in March in a nearly bloodless coup. Many of the policies he opposed are favored by the new regime, which considers itself a socialist "revolutionary government." Gairy was a close friend of the United

States and a foe of communism. The new prime minister, Maurice Bishop, 35, says that his government's relationship with the United States is unfortunately "chilly." The Carter administration, he feels, is fueling a mini-Cold War in the Caribbean, forcing him to choose between the United States and Cuba. Bishop and his government have, for the moment, chosen Cuha.

That choice has brought 250 Cuban technicians to Grenada to build the island's first international airport, expected to cost \$ 25 million. The existing airport handles only small planes from Trinidad and Barbados; it is a harrowing, mountainous 25-mile drive from the capital and its Grand Anse Beach, which many tourists consider the finest in the Caribbean. The new airport is expected to expand the tourist industry and create johs on the island, where, under Gairy, unemployment exceeded 50 per cent.

The Cubans have contributed cement, steel and 93 pieces of heavy construction equipment for the project. Iraq has donated\$ 2 million for construction of the terminal and the Bishop government has started an aggressive bond drive among its citizens to raise

capital. Shortly after the coup, Bishop asked the United States for arms and economic aid. The Carter administration offered \$ 5,000 which Bishop rejected. Within 48 hours of the coup, Castro had delivered crates of AK-47 rifles, ammunition and other arms to help the new government protect itself against Gairy's threat to retake the island with mercenaries. Bishop says even if the United States had granted significant assistance, Grenada still

would have developed close ties with Cuba as a matter of ideology. Castro later increased his assistance, sending teams to train Grenadians in fields ranging from fishing to medicine.

The need was great. Finance Minister Bernard Coard says that the country of 110,000 was essentially bankrupt. "Under Gairy there was no economic planning at all," he says. "The ministry of planning did not have a single economist and the ministry of finance did not have a trained accountant in the accounts department. Gairy ran the government on the basis of dreams. He would get up one morning and say that he dreamed about traffie circles and then go all over Grenada and build traffic circles. On another day he would dream about flowers and go around planting flowers. The man was the Idi Amin of the Caribbean. He was a madman whose total obsession, apart from women, was UFOs. It is amazing bow the U.S. could support him for so long as the leader of Gre-

The United States is concerned about the presence of 40 Cuban military advisers who have trained and armed Grenada's 2,000man army and set up anti-aircraft guns near the airport. State Department officials, while publicly stating that the United States respects Grenada's right to "ideological pluralism," privately say they must move quickly to stop the spread of Castro's influence in the

The coup began at 4:15 a.m. on March 13. Maurice Bishop and 43 other members of the New Jewel Movement - only nine of whom had undergone even basic military training --had learned the previous afternoon that Gairy had ordered them arrested shortly hefore departing on a trip to the United States. The rebels, possessing only 25 guns among them, rode in a small truck and two cars, one of which was rented. The toughest resistance they met was few growling dogs. The rebels seized the airport and the radio station, then set fire to the barracks of Gairy's 200-man army, driving the soldiers off into the night. They told townpeople by telephone to listen to their radios at dawn for word of

"The coup took us by surprise, but it certainly didn't take the Cubans by surprise." says an American official at the U.S. Embassy in Barbados. "We knew of Bishop's plans, but we didn't think he would be able to

Now, Cuban trucks, tractors and buildozers stand on the site where the rebels routed Gairy's small army. The barracks where Gairy's fleeing soldiers left their weapons is now a mess hall for Cuban construction crews building the new international airport on the black and white sand beaches of nearby Point Salines. The bold, sudden and growing Cuban presence on the 133-square-mile island caught the United States off guard.

So quick was Castro to supply aid that State
Department officials, thinking the Cubans had helped stage the coup, suggested that the United States blockade Grenada. State Department officials remain divided over what to do about the new government.

To limit the appeal of Castro, the United States plans to increase its military presence in the area and pump more economic aid to pro-American islands such as Barbados, Trinidad and Haiti while Cuba seeks to hoost Grenada's employment and reverse its uofavorable balance of trade.

It is the weakness of island economies and the domination by foreign powers that have given rise to leaders like Bishop who stress independence along with social and economic development. "Imperialism in the past has drained Grenada of its resources," Bishop says. His principal foreign economic adviser is Edward Boorstein, a Marxist economist who lives in the Bronx and used to counsel Castro and Chile's Salvador Allende. Boorstein compares Grenada's economy to that of pre-Castro Cuba, where unemployment also was enormous, and where Castro later made changing that a high priority.

"Capitalism will not work in Grenada because capitalism is not interested in putting people to work," Boorstein says. "It is interested only in making profits. And on a small island like Grenada, it isn't easy because there aren't many resources." Bishop says Grenadians also admire the strides Cuhans have made in developing their health and educadonal systems and in wiping out illiteracy and prostitution.

The United States has attacked Grenada for closing the Torchlight, its one privately owned newspaper: for failing to conduct elecoons as Bishop had promised, and for allegedly violating the rights of opponents. Bishop says he closed it because the editor had printed "counter-revolutionary" stories without allowing the government to be heard. The government dissolved the company that owned the paper, a Trinidadian firm openly hostile 10 Bishop, and declared that no one

would be allowed to own more than 5 per cent of the paper. The editor is contesting the shutdown in the courts. Meanwhile, the government tried to start its own daily newspaper, The Free West Indian, but had to suspend publication for lack of spare parts for the printing presses.

As for elections, Bishop says they should not be expected for at least five years. "The broad masses, and there will always be one or two segments of the population against this posicion, do not see elections as a priority at this nme," he says. "They want to see national security improved; they want to see the economy stabilized; they want to see some new jobs created; they want to see some constructions on the roads; they want something done about health and housing.

"The people see the 13th of March as having been in its own way a more important mandate than a five-second election business that Gairy used to rig in the past. We have made no commitment to an election date. I can't tell you that it will be next month or next year. All I can say is that we see the elections as something we have to do, but we do not see. it as a priority at this time."

Bishop and his aides criticize the United States for attacking the new government for human-rights violations and other alleged excesses for which Gairy was never criticized. State Department officials concede that Gairy ran a corrupt, oppressive, ruthless regime with little regard for democracy.

Gairy controlled Grenada with a strongarm band of ex-criminals callled the Mongoose Gang. Its members subsidized their salaries by looting bomes and businesses. They also saw to it that businessmen who dealt with the government spend plenty of money at restaurants and nightclubs owned by Gairy, that job-seekers voted for Gairy, and that known Gairy opponents were kept off the voter rolls.

Bisbop says the United States should extradite Galry. At the very least, be says, it should recognize his past abuses and take account of Grenada's present economic needs. But Bishop says Grenada needs the. kind of aid that promotes agricultural and industrial development. That, they say, would belp produce real wealth that does not disappear from the island as quickly as it is earned. As for U.S. attempts to prevent socialism from spreading in the Caribbean, Bishop says: "America cannot stop that process. No force on earth can stop that pro-



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OUARTER.

U.S. allows

engine sales

to Iraqi navy

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 (AP) - The

Commerce Department gradually intends to

allow the sale of U.S.-made engines to power

Iraqi warships, department officials said Fri-

These officials, who asked not to be iden-

tified, say they remain convinced that there

are no legal burs to the sale, despite strong

On Wednesday, the department appeared

to reverse itself, deciding to hold up - pend.

ing further study — the \$ 11.2 million sale of eight gas turbine engines by General Electric

Co. The department initially approved the

Wednesday's decision followed a loud out-

ery by Representatives Jonathan Bingham,

Democrat-New York, and Millicent Fen-

wick, Republican-New Jersey, who said

Congress must be notified of such a sensitive

U.S. law requires such notification for cer-

tain sales to Iraq, Syria, Southern Yemen and

Lihya. The State Department says these

countries have "repeatedly provided support

Friday - as they have in the past - that the

turbine engines do not appear on a specific

iist of items requiring Congressional notifica-

tion. Nevertheless, the department has cho-

son to notify Congress for courtesy sake, said

At the same time, the agency is consuling

with the State Department to determine if the

list of specific items requiring Congressional

This official added, however, that he does

notification should be expanded.

Commerce Department officials stressed

for acis of international terrorism,

criticism from members of Congress.

transaction on Jan. 23.

Development conference Venezuelan ends without agreement

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10 (R) - Rich and poor countries ended a United Nations conference without agreement on a program to speed up industrialization in developing

They failed to reach consensus after three weeks of negotiations and Tunisian delegate Ahmed Ghezal, spokesman for the "Group of 77" developing countries, said, "ours was a dialogue of the deaf".

The conference Saturday adopted a declaration and plan of action by a split vote, 83 votes to 22, with two abstentions,

The socialist group, which voted with developing countries, placed on record its reservations on several parts of the docu-

Both the socialist and Western industrial-

Gasification plant planned

REAL BOSTON

BOSTON, Feb. 10 (AP) — Governor Edward J. King and officials on a Massachusetty-based company announced preliminary arrangements for a coal gasification plant that would turn coal into natural gas and electricity.

The project would be the first of its magnitude in the United States, officials said, and could be the prelude to an "energy park" constructed on a 4,000-acre abandoned sawmill in the Fall River area which would include the synthetic fuel plant and an oil

Officials held news conferences stressing the project was in its initial planning stage.

"We want to make it very clear that we don't know whether it is economically feasible," said Sernard J. O' Keefe, chairman and third thirteen or by rand to based in suburbanwenesley, "it will take about a year ro-

U.S. Dollar

French F (100)

Pound Sterling Deutsche Mark (100) Swiss F (100)

Italian Lira (10.000)

Lubanese Lira (100)

Emirates Dirham (100)

Syrian Lira (100)

Egyptian Pound

Jordanian Dinar

Bahraini Dinar

Qatari Riyal (100).

Iranian Riyal (100)

Yemeni Riyal (100)

Indian Rupee (100)

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10 Tolas bar

Spanish Peso

\ esset

Atlantic Forest

Barges Lantac Island

Blue Wave

Ba:ges

Elgezina Pelagos

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S:rinda

Blue Wave

Odysseus

Santa Ines

ARRIVALS:

Tennessee

Magnitogorsk

Maldive Victory

Asean Greatness

Hellasin Eternity

Thomas Maersk

World Youth (D.B.)

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1. RECENT ARRIVALS:

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Silver kg. Japanese Yen (1,000)

Belgian Franc (1.000)

Dutch Guilder (1,000)

Greek Drachma (1.000)

Philippines Peso (1.00)

Canadian Dollar

Mornecan Dirham (100)

Iraqi Dinar (100)

Kuwaiti Dinar

ized countries also insisted, despite objections from developing countries, that separate documents setting out their approach to industrial development should be submitted to the General Assembly as part of the U.N. Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO) conference documents.

Ghezal said his group had demonstrated its desire by offering compromises, but there had been an absence of flexibility and political will on the part of developed countries.

Our conferences does not end in failure." Ghezal said. "Our group has proved its will to conperate and have a dialogue and gave proof of its cohesion.

Speaking on behalf of the industrialized Western countries. Belgian delegate Miss E. Dever told the conference that the absence of consensus was "due to a lack of understanding of our view and lack of flexibility" from developing countries.

Israel voted against the document because of references to Zionism and the Palestinian problem.

Others recorded their reservations to a mention of the "struggle" of the people of Western Sahara. An attempt by Morocco to delete the reference was defeated.

Saudi Arabia and the Holy Sec abstained and Kuwait expressed reservations over demand by developing countries for a new global fund for industrialization.

UNIDO executive director Abd-El Rahman Khan told reporters that the conference had helped to make the world community realize the urgency of tackling erucial

economic issues to ensure world peace. He said the main reason for the failure to reach a consensus was the inability of developed countries to accept the idea of a new global fund to snimulate industrialization in developing countries and give them a 22 per cent share in world industrial production by the year 2000.

The declaration adopted by New Delhi conference urges the creation of a fund of not less than 25 billion a year in the next decade, reaching \$ 300 billion by the year 2000,

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Steel/Timber/Machy.

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Foreign Exchange Rates

Quoted at 6:00 P.M. Saturday

president lands in Doha

ident Lius Herrera Campins arrived from Kuwait Sunday for a one-day visit and oil talks with the Emir of Qatar.

Campins was greeted at the airport by the ruler, Sheikh Khalifa Bin Hamad Al Thani, then went straight into a session of talks.

Before coming here. Campins visited Algeria, Libya, the United Arab Emirates and Kuwait, where he proposed, concerted oil pricing policy by the 13-nation Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries.

A Venezuelan spokesman said the price issue will be taken up at the OPEC meeting in Algeria, scheduled for June. Apart from the oil price problem, Campins

also discussed with his Arab hosts ways of

upgrading economic, political and cultural cooperation between Venezuela and the Arab world. Campins and Sheikh Khalifa were to examine the latest developments in the Arab-Israeli conflict, discuss ways of solving the Palestinian question and explore chao-

nels of aid to the developing countries of the world.
The twn leaders also discussed the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan and its adverse implications on the Gulf region.

In Kuwait, a joint communique covering Campins talks with Sheikh Jaber Al-Ahmed Al-Sahah vniced "grave concern over the practice of foreign intervention in the inter-

nal affairs of other states."
This was seen here as an apparent criticism of the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan. Kuwait and Venezuela, the communique stated, "reaffirmed their conviction that safeguarding stability and security in the Gulf

region is the responsibility of its own littoral states without foreign interventinn." It also underlined the "importance of mak-

ing the Indian Ocean a zone of peace." Kuwait and Venezuela, both members of the oil cartel, stressed "the need for preserving and strengthening the unity of OPEC in recognition of the role it plays for the good of the world economic wellbeing."



SUNNY MESSAGE: Solar power will contribute to the telephone, radin and intercom communications systems used on the stalom courses at the Lake Placid Olympics. Tim Geiser demonstrates a solar-powered telephone by placing a call from Whiteface Mountain.

IMF visits Egypt for credit talks paper quoted Minister of Finance Ali Luffi as

CAIRO, Feh. 10 (R) - An International Monetary Fund (IMF) delegation is due here Sunday for talks on a new extended credit agreement of more than \$ 1 billion for Egypt over the next three years, Al-Gomhouria newspaper said.

Egyptian officials were not immediately available to confirm the report but the news-

Japan plans U.S.

TOKYO, Feh. 10 (AP) - The Japanese government is planning to buy part of the 17 million tons of grain the United States denied to the Soviet Union following the Russian intervention in Afghanistan, a Japanese

Italy, Ethiopia sign economic accord

grain purchase

newspaper reported Sunday.

ermal energy and education,

saying the talks were expected to generate

loans worth more than \$1 billions over the

next three years. It gave no further details.

The talks between Egypt and the IMF

began early last December on the possibility

of the fund providing credit facilities to he used by Egypt to offset a hudget deficit esti-mated this year at \$1.7 billion.

ROME, Feb. 10 (AP) — Italy and Ethiopia signed an economic agreement per cent interest rate.

Saturday that was described as the first of its kind between the Marxist Ethiopian governto \$112 milion at competition, would involve ment and a Western nation. Under the agreement Italy will grant a\$15 cooperation in the fields of sanitation, geoth-

tons of grain.

The credit is repayable within 10 years at a 4

The projects with an estimated worth of up

The newspaper Sankei quoted gavernment

sources as saying Japanese officials plan to spend \$46 to \$50 million to only one million

not expect the engines to be included on such

The engines would power four missile-carrying frigates and could strengthen Iraq's presence in the politically fragile Persian Gulf, a region President Jimmy Carter calls crucial to U.S. national security

'Good times are just around the corner'

Defense industry goes 'great guns' as Carter re-arms

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10 (WP) - The new Jimmy Carter is racing the engine of the U.S. defense industry.

General Dynamics, the nation's biggest military contractor, is already at the drawing board in hopes of cashing in on Carter's decision to let American companies design and build war-planes specifically for foreign nations. The president had banned this to May 1977, in an effort to curb trafficking in

McDonnell Douglas, United Technology, Lockheed and Boeing all see millions coming their way as Carter buys planes needed to deliver his proposed new Rapid Development Force to distant spots on the globe.

Generl Electric, one of the defessise indus-

try powers, and Vought Corp., ooe of the weaklings, are both expected to make mooey from accelerated development of space weapons as Carter's effort to negotiate a ban on ano-satellite weapons founders.

And Litton, which made millions building the Navy's new family of destroyers, sees receot decision to scrap his old shipbuilding program for a more generous on 95 instead of 67 warships over the next five years.

In short, very good times indeed are just around the corner for many defense contractors, large and small, if Carter's new plans are approved by Congress. The president's fiscal 1981 defense budget, going to Congress this month, calls for spending \$ 142 billion. 11 ½ per cent higher than this year's figure.

Defense executives are opomistic about their future prospects under Carter but are not yet willing to predict boom times. Most of them warn that defense is a boom-and-bust industry, where today's rhetoric is not necessarily tomorrow's contracts. "How much is enough" for national defense is a question presidents keep changing their minds about.

Take Jimmy Carter, for instance. As a presidential candidate, he wrote this to the Democratic Platform Committee on June 10. 1976: "Without endangerring the defense of our nation or our commitments to our allies, we can reduce present defense expenditures by about \$ 5 billion to \$ 7 billion annually.

As recently as Sept. 14. Carter wrote Sen. Ernest Hollings, D-S.C., that "as the result of other economies and improved coordination of our defense programs with those of our allies, we should be able to carry out our defense objectives without exceeding the 3

Escudo devalued 6% in Portugal

LISBON. Feb. 10 (R) - Portuguese Finance Minister Anibal Cavaco E Silva has announced a six per cent revaluation of the escudo as part of the new center-right goverament's fight against inflation.

The minister made the announcement in a television and radio broadcast following proclamation Friday of a new government price structure increasing basic food prices by around 15 per cent.

No new rates for major currencies were given after Saturday night's surprise statement. The Bank of Portugal said its exchange operations would be suspended until Tues-

Last quntations Saturday were 50.085/ 50.395 escudos to a dollar and 115.141/ 115.709 to the pound sterling.

Despite the revaluation move, the finance minister said the sliding scale of devaluation of the escudo against other major currencies would continue on a moothly basis of around

0.75 per cent, about half its former rate. Informed finance sources told Reuters the move by the government of Prime Minister Francisco sa Cameiro appeared justified in the current economic situation, though the revaluation might be considered a little too

per cent level of annual increase in 1981 or

But on Dec. 13, Carter's defense secretary, Harold Brown, said the president would ask Congress for "annual increases of about 4.85 per cent a year after inflation" for the Pentagon budgets of fiscal 1981 through 1985. Carter, who earlier in his term had said no

million credit to Ethiopia for joint projects.

to such costly military items as the B-1 bomber and Nimit: nuclear aircraft carrier, was under pressure to raise the defeose budget to win Senate votes for the strategic arms limitation treaty (SALT II). Ironically, be bas now taken the further step of also asking that SALT be deferred, mainly because of the Soviet iovasion of Afghanis-

Eveots in Iran, meanwhile, which under the Sbah was a heavy purchaser of U.S. arms and is no longer, helped persuade the president of the need for bis Rapid Deployment Force. Carter, who once pledged to limit arms sales abroad, is also proposing now to arm such new countries as Pakistan, and has agreed to let U.S. companies sel buyers the FX fighter plane.

The stock market has reacted excitedly to these turnabouts. Defense stocks bave risen in recent days, even though the companies themselves are restrained as to their pros-

James Beggs, vice president of General Dynamics for aerospace, reflected the cautious optimism of his industry as he discussed the FX fighter Carter has approved for sale

"I have to study what be really means, how many planes we would be allowed to sell and how freely, Beggs said.

All the same, neither General Dynamics

nor any other contractor is going to pass up a glittering possibility like the FX. So, General Dynamics has designed an austere version of its F-16 fighter, including a simpler engine, in hopes of selling it overseas under Carter's liberalization arms policy. Northrop, builder of the F-5 fighter sold around the world, has a competing FX on the drawing board.

Even without such new business as FX fighter sales. General Dynamics is expected to remain a top contractor as the Pentagon orders the firm's existing weapons under Carter's higher defense budgets. General Dynamics builds the F-16 fighter, missiles, nuclear submarines and is a finalist in the \$ 3 billion air launched cruise missile competi-

In the longer term, Beggs said, he can see fresh millions going to General Dynamics if Carter follows through on bis plan to organize a 100,000-man Rapid Deployment Force. "This is the potential sleeper if the

administration is really serious," said Beggs. The outfit would need a whole new arsenal of modern weapons, he reasoned, including the company's shoulder-fired Stioger antiaircraft missile and the DAVID eno-aircraft gun General Dynamics hopes to sell the

McDonnell Douglas, United Technolgies and Lockheed all staod to make money on building aircraft to transport the Rapid Deployment Force.

The Carter administration already bas announced its iotention to accelerate purchases of the McDonnell Douglas KC-10, a DC-10 wide-bodied jet filled with tanks for aerial refueling. Tankers give military forces more reach.

United Technologies Pratt & Whitney division hopes to sell engines for the new long-range CX cargo planes. Lockheed is designing the CX plane.

Carter plans to spend about \$ 6 billion on about 50 CX planes for the Rapid Deploy-

'We're opomisoc," acknowledged Lockheed vice president Richard Cook in discussing his company's chances of winning the CX

"But such initiatives frequently doo't materialize," Cook cautiooed. "I don't think it's a sure thing yet. If I sound cautious, I am. We've been through a rough period." Lockheed in 1971 obtained government guarantees of loans the firm said it needed to

avoid bankruptcy. We're caudously optimistic." said J. Harry Goldie, executive vice president of Boeing's aerospace division, in appraising his company's future with the mittary in light of Carter's new defense policies. He said Boeing

woud make "a real play" for the CN contract. The current upset with the Soviets is definitely a favorable trend for the MX missile." added Goidie. Boeing is building the giant truck for carring the MX missile around a race-track pattern of sheiters.

Similarly, reasoned Goldie, sales of the Roland antiaircraft missile Boeing is building with Hughes "are definitely going to get stimulated by the recent tensions."

The "new" Carter and these tensions

promise to chaoge the current 75-25 split in Boeing's commercial-defense business, Goldie said. The Pentagon is scheduled in March to deciare either Boeing or General Dynamics winner of the air-launched cruise missile logic to it."

one official

As for Carter's revised shipbuilding plan ... 95 rather than 67 ships over the next five years - shippard executives see this as a help. but not a cure for their alling industry. "All that will do is enable yards to avoid

disaster," said Leonard Erb, president of Litton's Ingails shipyard to Pascagoula, Mis-The shipbuilding husiness was headed for disaster. Longer term prospects for Ingalls and other yards do look hrighter if the new ship-

building plao — there is a new one every year — holds, the impact of the Carte: plan is

three to five years away," said Erb.

Carter's new stands on defense and detente apparently triggered the recent apparently buying defense stocks. But an one knows have deep this investor interest is

Said Larry Wachtel, New York analyst for Bache, Halsey, Stuart and Shields: "We'te caught in a psychological frenzy. Alghanistica put it in sharp relief that Carter is no longer the reluctant warrior. The attitude became. If it's in defense, I li buy it." Often there is no

Saudi Arabian

G	overnment !	lenaer	5		
utherity	Description	Nn. of Lender	Price SR	Clusing Date	
inistry of Education	Construction and fencing of sunshades for cars at the Directorate of Archeology, Khurais road, Riyadh	7/M	200	Ntardh i :	
inistry of Health	Cleaning of 12 clinics in Medina	565	100	Fch. 18	
irectorate General Education, astern Province	Repairs to Faisal ibn Ahdul Aziz sebool in Jubail	25	100	Feh. 19	
	Construction of Primar y schools in Al-Gbuwaibah. Al-Hassan and Yakrab	26	100	Feh. 19	
	Construction of primary schools in Ain Dar Al-Jadidah.	27	100	Feb 23	
	Al-Markouz Umrdkhan'a and Umm Al-Anyah Construction of primary schools	.n 28	106	Feb. 24	
	in Al .Lasafah Al-Jira and Al-Shet Umm Al-Hoshat				

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	EXCHANGE RATES	اسعار العملات الدولية
1.94 2.85	الدولار \$.S.\$ London Interbank	حاوق السحب الخاصة SDR
2.51 5.45 6.25	Spot Dollar Middle Rates as quoted by Bank of America IFC	Exchange Rates for the IMF's SDR
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2.19 6.45 (NT) 8.20	Belgian C 28.182 28.270 Belgian F 28.835 28.970 Denmark 54.240 54.355 Norway 4.8650 4.8716	Italian Lira 1062.95 1062.61 Japanese Yen 316.255 216.010 Dutch Gullder 2.53070 2.52668 Norwegian Krone 6.42252 8.42249
4.18 (NT) 4.16	Sweden	Pound Sterling 0.572754 0.570974 Seudi Arabian Riyal 4.41639 4.42316 Spanish Peseta 87,1022 87,3308
3.36 9.05 (NT) (NT)	Canada 1.1584 NA Australia 1.1096 1.1078 Spein 66.205 66.320 Finland 3.9640 3.7000	Swedish Kroner 5.47553 5.47391 Danish Krone 7.16561 7.16210 Ecuadoren Sucre 32,9080 23,936 Indonesian Rupiah 825,887 826,824
7.00 (NT) 4.28 1.92	الجنيه (STERLING) الجنيه Closing Spot Sterling Rates	Kuwaiti Dinar 0.358208 0.358296 Malaysian Ringgit 2,85980 2,86510 Singapore Dollar 2,83544 2,83584 South African Rand 1,07722 1,07728
سيدني	at London	Swiss Franc 2.13514 2.12496 U.A.E. Dirham 4.92450 4.93206 Venazuetan Botivar 5.85048 5.85815
Closing Feb. 7 s. Dollars	USA 2.2955-2.2965 Canade 2.6215-2.6230 Switzerland 3.7175-3.7225	THE ECU 5-31
2.18 1.48 10.05	W. Germany 3.9970-3.9995 France 9.3510-9.3710 Netherlands 4.4100-4.4150	Exchange Rates for the ECU Official Brussels Fixing
2.24 1.36 2.63 2.35	Beigian F 86.40-86.50 Sweden 9.5150-9.5250 Denmerk 12.4400-12.4500	FB/Lux Con 40.5579 Deutsche Mark 2.49881 Dutch Gullder 2.75784
2.20 4.80 3.55 (NT)	Norway	Pound Sterling 0.625096 Danish Krone 7.81398 French Franc 5.85259 Italian Lira 1157.47
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3.00 43.00 7.50 2.13	Foreign Exchange Fixings Feb. 7 Feb. 8	Portuguese Escudo
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1.70 0.88 3.35	Canada 1.4988 1.5030 Netherlands 90.800 90.640 Switzerland 107.990 107.350 Belglum 0.165 0.162	GOLD !!
5.90 1,31 2.05 4.25	France	Closing Gold Prices (in US Dollars per troy ounce)
(NT) 1.14 7.24 3.55	Rely	Feb. 8 Feb. 7 697.50 692.50 Paris
4.70 0.92 1,30 6.10	Japan 0.7240 0.7220 Finland 46.96 47.05	Zurich 688.50 702.50 Hong Kong 684.20 713.95
2,60 1,60 3,35 1,50	COMMODITIES	أسعار السلع والمعادن
3.35 4.30 0.33	London Commodity	COCOA.
9.46 9.46 (NT) 2.36	and Metal Exchange Closing Prices	Feb. 8 Feb. 7 Closing Closing E pertonne Merch
7.00 18.20 1.17 1.50	Pounds Sterling per metric ton (except Silver)	May
8.50 (NT) 1,35 16.00	ALUMINIUM المنبوم	March 1545—1535 1538—1535 May 1565—1550 1570—1556 Total sales: 1,205 lets of 16 torunes.
0.30 5.02 1.80 8.80	Feb. 7 Feb. 0 Closing Closing £ pertonne Soot	ROBUSTA COFFEE 5-943 January 1485—1484 1484—1483
2.17 2.10 2.80 4.80	Spot	May
0.55 8.00 (NT)	نحاس COPPER	November
4.85 2.82 1.45	E per tonne Wirebers Caeh	ICO COFFEE Other Mild Arabicae 181.33 162.33
طوکیو Closing	Sales	Robustas . 150.00 161.25 Comp. Delly Prices (1975) 160.67 161.79 20 Day Moving Average . 162.70 163.27 Other Billd Rob.(1966) 150.70 161.92 Colombians . 179.50 190.00
Feb. 7 Yen 164 213	Cash	Colombians 178.50 190.00 University 178.50 190.00 213.00 Comp. Delity Prices (1968) 181.22 101.89 Bramen-Hamburg Price 176.48 176.49
587 565 377 338	LEAD only	RUBBER Jollan
(NT) 475 291 336	E per tonne Cash	March
483 285 894	Market firmer NICKEL	OctDec. 92.90—93.00 82.00—82.15 JunMarch 94.60—94.80 93.60—93.85 April-June 95.35—96.40 93.20—95.30 July-Sept. 98.00—98.10 98.80—98.85 OctDec. 99.40—98.50 98.05—98.50
131 341 361 728	\$pot	OctDec 99.40—99.50 98.05—98.50 Market closed very steady
209 202 168 399	Three months	Sugar Pref. E per long ton March
518 417 1,920 130	SILVER aids	May
723 2,000 622 520	Spot	Tone: Very steedy WOOL موف
962 1,750 130 515	TIN dis	October (RT) (NT) December (NT) (NT) March (NT) (NT) (NT) May (NT) (NT)
148 636 228	\$ per tonne Standard Casti	October (NT) (NT) December (NT) (NT)
197 435 411 615	Three months 7430-7440 7420-7425 Sales 650 tons 420 tons Market steedy	March (NT) Due to inactive trading there were nil lots traded
نوريخ	High Grade Cash	COTTON Gardin
Closing Feb. 7 ss Frs.	Sales NV tons Nil tons Nil tons Market kile	Liverpool spot cotton and shipment prices in U.S. cents per pound (previous levels in brackets) as supplied by a feeding trading company.
1325 1860 2820 1255	ZINC City	Major shipping origins Friday included: U.S. Memphis (1 1/16 inch strict middling). Feb-blar 96.50 offered (93.00). U.S. California (1% inch strict middling).
985 720 2395	Cash	Feb-Mar 100.50 offered (96.50). Soviet (1 1/16 inch strict middling). Feb-Mar 96.00 offered (91.50),
2265 650 1390 1465		Egypt Giza 66 FG, 134,15 offered (UNCH). Sudan Baralet (1½ Inch). Feb-Mar No. 3B, 124.73 offered (122.20). Feb-Mar No. 5B, 115.51 offered (113.10).
3540 4150 2940	Capital International Stock Market Indices	Feb-Mar No. CSB, 185,19 offered (102,90). Paraguey (13/32 inch). Feb-Mar 94.00 (92,00).
792 419 5950 3735	Feb. 7 Feb. 8 World 123.5 122.3 UP 1.8 Europe 109.1 107.3 UP 2.2	Mexico (1 1/16 inch strict middling). Feb-Mar 93.50 offered (90.25). Columbia Coestal Crop (1 3/32 inch). Feb-Mar 95.00 offered (93.00).
2480 13950	U.S. (1) 129.4 128.8 UP 1,5 U.K. 158.6 154.5 UP 2.3 Japan 254.2 254.1 UP 8.4	ROTTERDAM WHEAT & SOYBEAN MEAL
274 8300 63000	Canada (2) 194.7 192.0 UP 1.2 Germany 88.4 88.5 UP 1.5 France 126.4 123.7 UP 2.6 Australia 121.0 118.5 UP 1.6	Prices CIF: (in US No. 2 Northern and/or Northern Dark Spring)
anda d	Spain 50.3 50.3 UNCH Switzerland 95.8 95.5 UP 9.5 Netherlands 87.3 87.0 UP 1.0	Prices in USSociairs January
ended. woted. ic. its.	Belgium 118.3 110.6 DN 8.5 Sweden 108.8 185,7 UP 3.2 Norway 271.8 269.3 UP 1.8	April-May 189,00 189,00 May—June 190,00 189,00 190,00 190,00
	Denmark 120.3 120.1 UP 0.3	SOYMEAL U.S.

			11.000		تت	
Inte	rna	tic	nafs	ha	re	Ir
AMSTERDAM	تردام		Petrofina	6116 1184	5970 1150	1
		oetno	Soc. Gen. Belgique Softne Solvay 'A'	. 1700	1645 3845 2435	
Akzo	Price Fla. 25.70 2	5.80	Union Miniere Veille Montagne	IWAV	836 1575	Alle
Deli	62.40 6 92.50 9	3.50 5.00	FRANKFURF			Bate Bare Base
Heineken Hoogovens KNSM Group	22.90 2	10.40 23.16 11.00		Closing Feb. 7	Closing Feb. 6	Bee
KLM NetNed NedNoyd Groep	73.50 7 117.00 11	5.50 7.50	AEG	Price	DML	BICC Book Bow
Omeren	220.00 22 20.50 2	1.50	Alflanz Versich	384.00	383.00 164.00	Bow Orita Britis
Rotameo	107.80 10	7.00	BASF Bayer Bayer, Hypo, Bank	. 123.50	149.50 124.30 250.50	Both
Rorento Royal Dutch Unilever	NA 10 160.20 16	7.00 I	Bayer. Vereinsbik. Brown Boveri Commerzbank	281.50 297.50	279.00 297.30	Briti- Burn Cadi
ACF Holding	70.00 7	00.8	Conti, Gummi	53.00 248.00	100.00 52.90 244.50	Char Cost Con:
AMÉV (Fl.10)	100.00 9 97.00 9	9.16 (5.50 (Degussa Demag Deutsche Bank	. 136.50 262.50	243.00 138.00 264.50	Con
Bos Karis	161.80 10	0.80 E 2.50 E	Ot. Babcock Dub-Schultheiss Draedner Bank	270.50 154.00	269.80 107.00 196.00	Dist
Buehrmann Tet Caland Holding Elsevier-NDU (FL20)	64.20 6 26.40 2	3.20 F 6.50 G	eiten Quill	176.00 213.50	182.00 218.50 74.50	Fig. Fig. GEC
Ennie NV Bearer Foldker	136.50 13 24.50 2	6,50 i 4,00 i	lochtief	388.00 120.00	395.09 120.80	Gene Glass Gran
Gelder Gist Brocades (Fl.10) . Hagemeljer	34.16 3	4.30 E	loesch lotzmenn lorten	385.00 124.00	36.50 403.00 124.50	GIO
Holec HLB.G. Internatio	57.00 5 84.00 8	7.00 ! 3.80 }	Carstadt	163.50 226.50	164.90 227.00 182.80	Gt. L Guti Guti
KNP	28.40 2 17.10 1	8.40 P	Caufhof	215.00 67.00	217.90 07.50	Harr Harr Haw
Middenstandbank Oce VD Grinten OGEM (FL 16)	122.50 12	2.00 L	(rupp-Huette	322.00	07.00 324.00 1,390	Hen
Pakhoed (FL20) Rijn Sch Ver (FL100).	57.00 5 33.20 3	6.00 L	ufthansa	77.00 199.50	76.00 200.50	Hong Hong Hute
VMF-StorkVNU		7.30	fannesmann	271.00 625.00	129.80 272.50 ··· 825.00	ICI . ICL Inch
BRUSSELS	كسل	برو	leckermann	119.70 191.00 190.30	120.00 196.60 193.00	Jard
		sing	Ruetgerswerke Schering	261.00 201.00	262.00 201.50 228.00	John Kleir Land
Arbed	Price Fra.	m 5	ienens Judzucker	272.50 260.50	276.16 261.50	Lega Lega Lonr
Cie Br Lambert	340 3	35 7	hyssen A.G. hyssen industrie arte	77.00	88.20 76.50 157.50	برطبا اعتما
Gevaert	2625 26 890 8	16 Y	er, Elek, Werke olkswagen	156,30 117,30	- 157.90 115.50 179.80	Moto Misk Midb
Hoboken	3100 30	80 \	OKUBBUCK III (III)	IVALA	110,00	Nat.
BOND INFO	RMATI	ON	دات	ء السن	انبا	Ples Placi Prud Rank
SCHEDULED EU	ROBONDS			ألعة الطر		Rose Rose Roys
		February	y7			Rioyz Pilo 1 Pugi
The following is the C terms, syndicate ma- are on an annual basi	nager and off	ering date	where available. C			Australia Stand
pre per all amigal basi		EUROMA				Shell Taylo Tate
Australia, 200 mütik at 101.5 in 1986, Deut Nationalo-Nederlar	sche Bank, 12	2 Feb. OTHEI	R			Tenc Tittin Trafa Thor Trust Tube Unite Ultra
Hope, 12 Feb. Svenska Handelsb Kuwait International I			ial Drawing Rights	, due 1985	i, 10.5%,	Unitz Victo
The volume of sch			ngs totals about th	e equivate	nt of 165	When
millen dellars compa	ared with 192	million dol	lars a week earlier.			
Japan Developmer 1990, 5.75% at par, Cr Caisse Central de (100 million Swiss frai Feb.	nt Bank, guar redit Suisse, 1 Cooperation E	1-14 Feb. conomiau	Japan, 100 million	rench gove	errument.	Acce ANIC Basto Burg Canto Cento
LO	NDON CLO	SING GO	VERNMENT BO	NDS		Ciga Com Cred
		Quoted in			uary 7	Erbe Ercol Erick
Exchequer 13% 198 Treasury 12% 1983	30		98¼ 91¾	98 9	3/18 1½	Flat P
Treasury 11%% 199 Treasury 14%% 199	34		85% 98%	8	5½ 8%	Gene Gen.
Treasury 15%% 199 Treasury 13%% 200	86		110% 964 21%	9	0% 5% 1%	IFI
Consuls 21/2% War Loan			32%	31 1	5/16	Italga Italia Lepe
U.S. GOVT. NOT			بة الإميركية nnes in 32nds	ب الاحدوب	السبدا	Media Mont
February 7 Notes	Fraction	Bid	nges in 32nds Asked	Chan		Offive Pirell Pirell
10'4s September 19 12'4s October 1981		97.2 100.12	97.10 100.20	UP 12		RAS
12° as November 198 11° as December 198		99.22 98.16 100.18	99.30 98.24 100.20	UP 14 UP 12 UP 1		Sefta SIP . Snie
11'45 May 1983 10'45 December 198 10'45 May 1985	13	96.29 95.12	97.1 95.20	UP 1	pt 1/32 pt 6/32	M
8s August 1986 10 ² 4s November 198	19	83.18 94.22	83.24 94.30	UP 26	pt 12/32	تسحقا
Bonds 101/as November 199	14	88.20 61.8	89.4 91.16	UP 16 UP 30		AMF
101/25 February 1995 83/45 November 2003 91/25 May 2004-2009		76.18 79.10	77.0 79.26	UP 24 UP 24		ARA:
10%s November 200	4-09	89.4	89.12	UP 22		Actno Alcan Alcan
KUWAITI DINAR	BOND MAR			ت الكوينية	السنداد	Allied Allied Alcos
Kuwait — (AP-DJ)	— Kuwaiti din	February ar bond p	vices closed the w	eek ½ to %	points	Amer
ower on relatively hig	h turnover, th	ne Arab Co	mpany for Trading	Secumbes	(ACIS),	Amer. Amer.
Heavy institutional beginning of the week naturity of 104—101	white the o tori	nnicol Chi	riand of funds in the	PINDIKET. T		Amer. Amer.
nigh in this market.			Bond Issues			Amer Amer Amer
ssuer	•	Coupon	Maturity	Price		Amer.
ASEA (Sweden) Banque Nationale de l	Paris	8 7 7 4	1.10.89 ⁻ 15.6.89	95—951 93%—9	414	Arme
C.C.Č.E. (France) C.LH. (Morocco)		6 97a	15.9.94 15.8.89	921/2-921	b	Ashba Atl Ri
Credit Lyonnals Indonesia (Rep. of) T.V.O. Power Co.	(8 8¾4 7%e	15.10.27 15.7.86 15.9.90	95—951 93—931 924—9	/2	Aven
. V CI POWAT CO.		,B	1-3-3-50	J- 4-3		Bark (

Kuwaiti Dinar Negotiable Bank Certificates of Deposit

3 months 10% bid ● 6 months 11 bid ● 12 months 11% bid

EURO-CHRENCY INTEREST RATES - Langer and the

8%-8% 8%-8% 8%-8% 8%-8% 8%-8%

London late eurodollars: overnight 13—12%; 7 days fixed 15%—151/16; one month 13½—13 3/16; three months 14 7/16—14 5/18; six months 14 7/16—14 5/16; one year 14 3/16—14 1/16

London dollar certificates of deposit: one month 14—13½; three months 14 5/16—14 3/18; six months 144 —14½; one year 13½—13½; three years 12½—12½; five years 12½—12½;

18—16¹4 17¹4—18¹4 17¹4—17¹4 16¹2—16¹2

Franch Franç

Swise Franc

11-11½ 4½-5 12-12½
11½-11½ 5½-5½ 12½-12½
11½-11½ 5½-5% 13½-13¾
11½-11½ 5½-6 13¾-13½

Internation	al Bo	urse. Co	mm	
Informa	tio	A		ã_
Leamon		Campbell Scup Canadian Pacific	29%	29%
Stock 6	Feb. 7	Castie Cice	14% 54% 46%	39 1415 5476 4576
Allied Sreweries	70 304 96 428	Central & S.W. Cent. Soys Certaintsed Champion Inter	12% 18% 14% 25%	12% 20% 14% 25%
Bass Charingtons 196 BAYS 258 Beecham Group 125	165 261 129	Chase Manhattan Chemical Bk. N.Y Chessie System	40 38% 30%	39% 38% 32%
BICC Ltd. 110 Boots Co. Ltd. 182 Bowater Corpn. 178 Bowring 133	111 184 182 139	Chrysler Cinc. Milacron Citicorp Cities Service	10 - 37 21% 103	9% 36% 21% 104
British Leyland 17 British Home Stores	26% 17 270	Clark Equipment Cluett Peabody Coca Cola	38% 5% 33%	38% 9% 33%
BOC International 66 British Petroleum 290 Burmah 193 Cadbury Schw'ppes . 61	681½ 382 189	Colgate Paim. Columbia Ges Columbia Pictures Combustion Engr.	13% 42% 35 61%	14 43% 35% 63%
Constructions 166 Conta Peters 46½ Consolidated Gold 423	61 150 4814 505	C'm'w'th Edison Comm. Satellite Conoco inc.	20% 40% 52%	. 20% 40% 54%
Commercial Union 145 Countruide 70 Dejacty	149 70 292	Con. Edison H.Y Consol. Foods Consol. Nat. Gas	22 24 45%	21% 23% 46%
Distillers 196 Duniop Holdings 60 Eng. China Ciay 83% Fisons 284	199 01 63½ 287	Consumer Power Continental Grp Contil liftnois Cp Control Data	17% 29% 26% 80%	174 30 26% 60%
General Accident 244 Gisso Holdings 481	371 244 486	Crane Co	53% 40% 28%	53% 41 28%
Grand Metropolitan . 131 GKN	134 270 256 402	Crown Zellerisach Curties Wright • Dert industries	47% 27% 41%	48% 28 42%
Guinnes 188 Guthrie 767 Hanson 147	187 754 147	Deere Co. Deita Air Deitsc irrt. Detroit Edison	35% 37 7% 12%	35% 36% 74 12%
Hambron	£8 192 324	Dishey (Wait) Dr Pepper	37% 44% 14%	37% 66% 16%
Hepworth Ceramic 104 ' Hing King Shag Bk 194 Hong Kong Land 130 Hutch'n Whampos 81	104 164 · 130½ 81½	Dow Chemical Drasser in	33% 57% 40%	33 ¹ 4 65 ¹ 4 40
ICL	368 510 378	Duks Power Eastern Airlines Eastman Kodek	16% 9% 47%	16% 9% 46%
Jardine Matheson 180 Johnson Mathey 263	781/2 163 268	Esten Corp. El Paso Co. Emerson Electric Emery Air Freight	26% 28 34% 14%	26% 28 36% 16%
Kleinwort Benson	144 295 149 172	Equity Life	151/2 28 24	15 31% 24%
Licyt's Benk	102 308 247	Extron	6246 414 414	54% 4% 4%
Metal Box Ltd 248 Milat Holdings 298 Mildland Bank 361	258 295 378	Fedders Fed. Dept. Stores Firestone Tire First Chart	261/2 91/4 141/4	284 84 14
Nat. West, Bank 351 P & O 114½ Plessey Co. 140	194 356 114% 141	First Chicago Corp First Nat, Boston First Penns	15 30% 8%	15½ 30¼ 8½
Principles Assur. 233 Prudential Assur. 181 Rank Organization 220	236 182 222	Florida Power & LL Ford Motor Freeport Mireral Fruebauf Corp	23% 32% 67% 29%	23% 31% 66% 29
Reed International 196 Rolls Royce 661/2 Royal Dutch \$37/2	200 851/4 £361/4	GAF Corp	10% 38%	10% 37% 33%
Royal Insurance 343 Rio Tinto Zinc Corp 421 Rustenberg 274	345 417 724 284	Gemble Sking Gen, Dynamics Gen, Electrics General Foods	33 78% 56% 28%	78% 55% 29%
Sime Derby 00 Shell 372	502 80 358	General Instruments .* General Mile General Motors	51% · 24% 54%	- 51¼ 24¼ 54
Tate & Lyle 170 Tenco 83%	355 172 64	Gen. Pub. Util Gen. Tel. & Elect General Yire Generato inc	812 28 17% 414	7% 27% 17% 4
Titling	127 74 312 165	Georgia Pacific Getty Off Gillette	25% 91% 25%	29% 96% 24%
Tube investments	296 482 452	Goodyear Tire Goodyear Tire	19% 14% 24%	19% 14% 24%
United Blacuits 85 Vickers 137 Wheelock Marden 43	85 140 44%	Grace W.R. Co. Gt. Atl. Pac. Tea Greyhound Grunnpen Corp.	41% 74 18% 27%	42 74 18% 28
WILLAN	Closing	Gulf 8 Western Gulf Oil	19% 41 47%	20 431/2 4214
Feb. 7 Prior Ascles	Feb. 6 Lire 3790	Hewlett Packerd	21% 67% 35%	67% 35
ANIC 9.25 Bastogi 721.50 Breds 1494	8.60 738.00 1550	Holiday Inns	18% 01 89%	15% 52 89%
Burgo 8145 Cantoni 8100 Centrale 8461 Ciga 2631	8250 8390 8516 2625	Howard Johns	17% 23% 24	17 23% 25%
Comp Ass Milano 9990 Cred Ital 1635 Erbe 2642	10489 1613 2650	IU International Inco Ltd Ingersof Rand Infand Steel	12% 26% 57% 33%	12% 26% 59% 33%
Ercole Maretti	398.00 5640 1921 1801	Intl. Flavours Intl. Harvester	68% 18 32%	67% 15% 33%
Generali Assic. 49000 Gen, immobilaire 71.00	91.00 49300 71.25	Intil Min. & Chem Intil Paper Intil Tel. & Tel Irving Bank Corp	55% 36% 28% 35%	56% 38% 26% 35%
(BP	4300 2453 22010 802.00	Jeff, Pflot	30% 28%	31% 264 23%
Italgas	242.00 29800 47000	Johns Merville Johnson & Johns Jonathen Logan Joy Menutacturing	231/2 751/4 94/ 351/4	75% 94 34%
Metal Ital 4050 Montedison 184.75 Olivetti 1657.00	4089 187.75 1680.00	K. Mert Corp. Kalser Alumkslum Kaufman & Broad	20% 23% 10%	2014 2414 16
Pirelfi & Co	2149 740.00 127,150 130.25	Kellogg Co Kennecott Kerr McGee Kimberley Clark	15% 40% 72% 44%	181/2 401/2 75 45%
Sefts 6500 SIP 1051.00 Snie 642.50	6480 1055.00 649.00	Kraft Inc	45% 17% 14	45 17% 14%
MEW YORK		Lear Siegler LOF Company Ligget Group Littion Industries	25% 25% 36 54%	28% 25 38% 64%
Feb. Stock 6	Feb.	Lockheed Aircraft Lone Star Indus Louisians Land Lucky Stores	40% 29% 54% 15	38% 25% 55% 15%
AMF inc. 14% AM international 18% ARA SVC 35% ASA 52	15% 16% 34% 51%	Macy R. H. Mirs. Henover	52% 32 41%	52% 32 43%
Actna Life & Caes 35% Alcan Aluminium 58% 14%	35% 65 14%	Marether Off	71% 21 18%	71 204 194 53%
Allied Chemical 55% Allied Stores 22% Allie Chalmers 29%	59% 22 29%	Martin Mer. Mesco Corp. Metsushita Mattel Inc.	52% 25 29% 8%	2574 30
Alcos	52% 52%	McDonelds McDonnell Doug McGraw Hill	42% 44% 28% 27	42¼ 44¼ 29¼ 27¼
Amer. Airlines	11 67% 34% 33	Mend Corp. Memorex Merck Co.	18	17% 66% 19%
Amer. Cyanamid	32% 17% 25	Minn Ming & Mig Mobil Corp	12% 56% 61%	124 504 624 53%
Amer. Notors 91/4 Amer. Nat. Res 511/4	914 5014	Monsanto Noore Mc Cr Morgan J. P. Motorola	54 47% 48% 61%	50% 45% 61%
Amer. Standard 55 Amer. Tel. & Tel 51% Ampez	54% 61% 20	NCR Corp. NL Industries Nablaco in.	754 394 224	78% 41% 22%
Armee inc. 31½ Assree inc. 53% Ashland Oil 40%	32 52% 38%	National Can	33 24 2914	3314 2446 2912
Atl Richfield 102% Avec Corp. 25% Aven Products 38%	161% 26% 35	National Steel	31% 40 52 32%	30% 40% 56% 32%
Bank of NY	35% 24% 43%	Norsolk 8 Western Nthwest Airlines Numest Bancorp Norton Simon	28 24 14 34	28% 24 14
Baster Travenol	41% 21% 31%	Occidental Petrol Ogden Corp	29 14 3874 1774	3014 3 514 1714
Becton Dickenson 33% Bell & Howell 25% Bendix 51% Benguet Cons 'B' 13%	33 2974 5274 1274	PPG Ind	25% 32% 21%	24% 32% 21
Benguet Cons 'B' 13% Bethishem Steel 25% Stack & Dacker 22% Bosing Co 67%	24% 22% 67%	Pen Am World Air Penney J. C	21% 5% 24%	21 % 5% 24 53%
Boise Cascade 37% Borden 24 Borg Warner 38%	36% 23% 39%	Pennzoil Co Pensi Co Plizer	52% 24% 37% 41%	231 /2 38 43 7 6
Bristol Myers 34 Brit. Pet. ADR 24% Brunswick 13%	35 38% 13%	Philips Podge Philips Morris Philips Petroleum Pitebury	34% 57% 33%	34 58% 34% 33%
Bucyrus Erie 25% Burlington Ind 18 Burlington Nithn 78	20% 18 79% 75%	Pitney Sowes Pitnston Co. Plan Research Poteroid Procter Gemble	31% 26% 7% 23%	25% 8 23%
Burroughs 78% CBS 51% CPC International 67%	52% 67%	Procter Gemble Pub. Serve Elect Pullman	71% 17% 32%	70% 17% 31%

224 h 254 h 254 h 254 h 254 h 255 h 256 h 25% 41% 34% 37% 61% 83% SYDNEY 44% 143% 42% 38% 72% 16% 48 277 25% 15% 39% 48% 22% 25% 39 50% 43% 43% 56% 86 43% 6 43% 56% 31% 50% 22% 27% 41% 60% 43% 91% 43% 13% 21% 21% 50% Hooker
(Criticer)
(Criticer) 19% Pekto-Wallsand
Phillip Morts
Pioneer Conscrete
Queenshed Mines
Rantson
Repto
Robe
Sartios
Settrust
H.C. Sleigh
Southern
Southlend
Stocks 6 Holdings
Swan Brewery
Theiss
TNT
Toolneys
Tooth
Utah Mining
Waltons
Weeks
Westfield
WMC
Woodside Pet.
Woodworths 63 N 64% DOW JONES NOON STOCK AVERAGES February 8 30 Industrials ... 854.47 DN 1.02 or 0.12%, 20 Transport ... '239.52 UP 0.44 or 0.15%, 15 URBBes ... 110.55 DN 2.57 or 0.51%, 65 Stocks ... 324.99 DN 0.33 or 0.10% PARIS | Closing Feb. 7 | Feb. 5 | Fe TOKYO Asahi Elec.-Chem.
Bank of Tokyo
Bank of Tokyo
Bank of Tokyo
Bank of Ba Sumitomo Chem.
Takeda
Taleda
Telifin
Tolyo Marine Fire
Toray Indus.
Toshiba Elec.
Toshiba Elec.
Toyo Kogyo
Toyota ZURICH Closing
Feb. 6
Price Swis
Alusurase 1345
BOV (Bearer) 1890
Buehria 2870
Ciba Gelgy (Br) 1270
Ciba Gelgy (Br) 1270
Ciba Gelgy (Non-v'rg) 692
Columbus 725
Credit Suisse 2395
Electrowett 2275
Fischer (George) 850
Jehroli (Fr. 100) 1420
Landis Gyr (Reg) 1490
Mestie (Bearer) 3575
Sandoz (Br) 4190
Swisse Bank Corp. 425
Swiss Ren (Br) 900
Swisse Bank Corp. 425
Swiss Ren (Br) 6050
Union Bank 975
Windur Aec (Br) 2500
Zurich Ins (Br) 13975
BASLE Foreign issues BASF 345.00 262.00 45.15 117.50 8900 582.00 856.00 42.80 175.00 39.60 39.60 599.00 29.35 243.00 ************* inco..... Nestle

Norsk-Hydro
Petrolina
Philips
Pres. Brand
Royal Dutch
RTZ
Stemens
Sony
Unillover SINGAPORE - 3 43% 34 58% 34% 33% 25% 8 22% 70% 17% 31%

Closing Feb. 6 Acma
Boustead
Bovis
Bukit Lintang
Cycle 8 Carriags.

Closing Feb. 7 Price Str 2.06 4.22 0.57 3.68 3.08

BASLE 278
Pirell 278
Roche Baby 6275
Roche Div.Cert. 63000
NOTES STOCKS (NT) = Not Traded. SUSP = Suspe UNAV = Unpreliable. UNO = Unex xa = Ex all. xc = Ex scrip issue xd = Ex dividend. xr = Ex right BONDS

(1) NYSE (2) TSE converted to 1 Jan 1970 Base se 1 Jan 1970 equals 100

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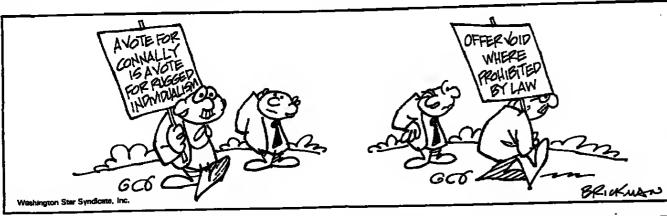
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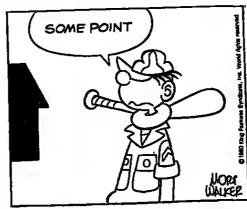




















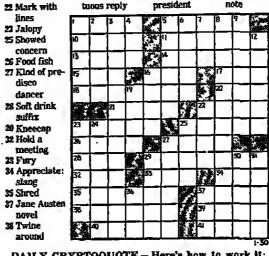
DENNIS THE MENACE



KNOW WHAT YOU NEED, MR WILSON? EXERCISE SO WHY DON'T YA BUILD A INDOOR SWIMMIN' POOL !

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Crossword by THOMAS JOSEPH 39 Milk: Ft. 48 Creed as an excuse 41 Initial 5 Store up stake 10 U.S.S.R. DOWN 1 Will inland sea 11 Trial Rogers p TV shows 13 Thailand 3 Hillbilly 14 Arrange beforeha 27 Attic room 12 Conditions 15 D.C. VIP of films 16 Vetch seed 4 Common 16 Trevino 19 Abominate 22 The In thing 17 Not nay 5 Attach to 31 Playing 23 Pure in style 6 Bogged d 18 Veteran 7 Tankard's 24 Luminous marble 20 Choose content 25 Former 37 Old-time 8 Contemp sidekick



DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE - Here's how to work it: E LONGFELLOW

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is ed for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, costrophes, the length and formation of the words are all nts. Each day the code letters are different. CRYPTOQUOTES

FDC ICCLUC FKCTLUC LCIXKC FDC IXXUWHD ECIZ - TNENTC RCNAAC KXUNAE
Yesterday's Cryptoquote: MOVIES? I SAY RUN 'EM
BACKWARDS. IT CAN'T HURT 'EM, AND IT'S WORTH A
TRIAL-WILL ROGERS

BBC

A CASTLE 114 SEGOVIA, SPAIN WAS BUILT IN THE LAST

Reserve Believe It or Not!

MONARCH IN THE AMERICAS THE SPIDER DOM PEDROIL MARIPULATES THE SILK THREADS IT SPINS BY CLAWS ON RULED AS EMPEROR OF BRAZIL FROM ITS HIND LEGS

Contract : Bridge :

Test Your Dummy Play

1. You are declarer with the West hand at Three Notrump and North leads the jack of clubs, South following suit with the deuce. How would you play the hand?

•Q853 □AK4 □AK9 □AK9 S ◆A 6 2 7953 0842 ◆7643 ♣AKQ 2. You are declarer with the West hand at Six Clubs, North

leads the jack of spades.

and South's king. How would you play the hand? **♠**A 6 3 N

↓J 10 9 6 ◆AJ 753 s | **♣Q1098** 1. Win the club lead with the queen and play the ace next. If both opponents follow suit, cash the king of clubs, hoping for the 3-3 division that would

give you the ninth trick.

If the clubs prove to be divided 4-2, play a low spade, also playing low from dum-my! Then, after winning the beart or diamond return, play a low spade to the ace. Assuming that nothing significant occurs, lead a low spade towards your Q-8.
This line of play will make

the contract if: 1. the clubs are divided 3-3; 2. either opponent has the singleton king of spades; 3. either opposen

4, the spades are divided 3-3; 5. South has any number of spades that include the king. Note that your low spade play from each hand the first time you lead the suit covers the case where North has K-x, which you wouldn't discover if you started the stat by praying the ace and another spade. This delicate safety play

greatly enhances your chances of making the contract. 2. Win South's king of spedes with the ace and lead the queen of clubs, if North follows low, go up with the ace of clubs, then lead the jack of hearts and finesse. If the finesse wins, repeat it and, after winning with the queen, discard dummy's low spade on your ace of hearts.

It is true that if North bas the king of hearts you will go down, but in that case the contract is samply unmakable. The one thing you cannot afford is a trump finesse, it wouldn't help you to make the slam, even if it succeeded. On the contrary, the trump finesse world cost you the slam if it turned out that South had both the king of hearts and king of clubs. It is only the location of the king of hearts that determines whether you arrive home safely. The location of the king of clubs has nothing to do with the

Get your international financial news



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ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

TIMES **PRAYER**

Monday'	Fajr	Isbraq	Dbuhr	Assr	Maghreb	Isha
Mecca	5:39	6:58	12:42	3:57	6:19	7:49
Medina	5:43	7:02	12:43	3:56	6:16	7:36
Nejd	5:10	5:31	12:09	3:23	5:43	7:13

DHAHRAN TV

4:30	Children's Show
5:14	Grizzly Adams
6:01	Housecall

Big John, Little John Mind Your Language 6:45

Switch

8:00 NFL Playoffs

Kidsworld No. 81 The Rivals Diabetes

Peter Panic No. 1 Whatever: Happened To Carol Houston Vs Pittisburgh

PHARMACIES

JEDDAH tOper	1 Monday Night)	Tel.
Al- Medina Drug Store	Medina Road	.58052
Salem Drug Store	Bab Sheirf	24782
Al-Mohitain Drug Store MECCA	Sahifah Road	26435
	Mansour St.	32396
Bilal Drug Store Abdullah Bawazir D. S.	Al-Ma'abdah	44216
Al-Muzha Pharmacy RIYADH	Al-Nuzha	
Al-Mutanabbi Pharmacy	Jarir St., Malazz	
Al-Hejaz Pharmacy	Hejaz Road	
Al-1khlas Drug Store	New Shumaisi St.	
Al-Nasr Drug Store	Behind King's Hospital	
Al-Massif Drug Store	Suber Building	
DAMMAM Shams Pharmacy	Post Office Road	2600
AL-KHOBAR Al-Sharq Drug Store	Prince Nasser St.	4132
HOFUF Al-Rashed Drug Store	Municipality SI.	22376

SAUDI RADIO

(English Service)

On FM at 98 Megahertz in 3.2 meter band On SW at 11.855 Mhz in 25 meter band On MW at 1485 Kilohertz in 202 meter band

MON	NDAY
After	noon Transmission
2:00	Opening
2:01	Holy Quran
2:05	Gems of Guidance
	- · ·

2:10

Solidarity 2:20 On Islam 2:30 Me .lody Time

3:00 NEWS 3:10 Press Review 3:15 Music

Arabic Song 3:20 3:30 A Selection of Music

Champions of

3:40

Evening Transmission 9:00 Opening 9:01 Holy Quran Gems of Guidance 9:05

9:10 Light Music

9:15 A Chat and A Song 9:45 Pioneers of Knowledge

Music 10:00 NEWS 10:15 S.A. — 10:25 A Daily Chronicle

10:30 Dreamland A Leaf from 11:00 Life's Notebook

3:50 Closedown

10:00 A Viewpoint

Music

11:15 In Concert On Islam 11:45 12:00 Concert Choice A Rendezvous with 12:45

Dreams

-01:00 Closedown VOA

P.M.

g:00 News Roundup Reports: Actualities:

Opinion: Analyses 8:30 Dateline News Summary 9.00 Special English News: Feature. The Making of a Nation

News Summary 9:30 Music USA: (Standards) 10:00 News Roundup Reports: Actualties 10:05 Opening: Analyses News Summary 10:30 VOC Magazine America: Letter Cultural: Letter 11:00 Special English: News

11:30 Music U.S.: (Jazz) VOA WORLD REPORT

Midnight

12:00 News newsmakers' voices correspondents reports background features media comments news analyses

Morning Transmission

8.00 World News

8.09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary

8.30 Sarah Ward 8.45 World Today 9.00 Newsdesk

9.30 Opera Star 10.00 World News 10.09 Twenty-Four Hours

News Summary 10.30 Sarah Ward 10.45 Something to Show

11.00 World News 11.09 Reflestions 11.15 Piano Style

11.30 Brain of Britain 1978 12.00 World News 12.09. British Press Review

12.15 World Today 12.30 Financial News 12.40 Look Ahead 12.45 The Tony Myatt

Evening Transmission 1.15 Ulster in Focus 1.30 Discovery 2.00 World News

2.09 News about Britain 2.15 Alphabet of Musical Curios 2.30 Sports International

2.40 Radio Newsreel 3.15 Promende Concert 3.45 Sports Round-up 4.00 World News

4.09 Twenty-Four Hours:

News Summary 4.30 The Pleasure's Yours 5.15 Report on Religion

6.00 Radio Newsreel 6.15 Outlook

7.00 World News 7.09 Commentary 7.15 Sherlock Holmes

7.45 World Today 8.00 World News 8.09 Books and Writers 8.30 Take One

8.45 Sports Round-up 9.00 World News 9.09 News about Britain 9.15 Radio Newsreel

9.30 Farming World 10.00 Outlook News Sumтагу 10.39 Stock Market Report

10.43 Look Ahead 10.45 Ulster in Focus 11.00 World News

11.09 Twenty-Four Hours: **News Summary** 12.15 Talkabout 12.45 Nature Notebook

1.00 World News 1.09 World Today 1.25 Financial News 1.35 Book Choice

1.40 Reflections 1.45 Sports Round-up 2.00 World News

2.09 Commentary 2.15 The Face of England

Your Individual Horoscope





by yourself. Expect in-

terruptions by others.

only person who understands What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what your need for some moments

the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth

(Mar. 21 to Apr. 19)
Ties of affection are accented now, but you'll have to take the good with the bad. Friends are unpredictable now and not to be counted on. TAURUS

(Apr. 20 to May 20)

Be careful to avoid arguments about domestic and career interests. Attend to household duties yourself, and don't expect much cooperation. GEMINI

GEMINI
(May 21 to June 20)

If feeling somewhat indecisive, follow the lead of loved ones. This will get you over the hump, but by day's end you may still feel uncertain. CANCER

(June 21 to July 22) Recent favorable financial developments now lead to the problem of what to do with the money. Avoid spending un-

LEO. (July 23 to Aug. 22) 2 4 Difficulties with a close one could lead to self-doubt. You can't seem to understand why some people like you and others do not.

VIRGO (Aug. 23 to Sept. 22)

(Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)

You may need the help of a wise friend to keep personal matters from becoming to entangled right now.

SCORPIO SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) A conflict between family members may have you caught in the middle. Better

not to take sides. Let them

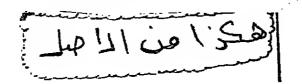
fight it out.

SAGITTARIUS Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Philosophic or moral concepts may be hard to put into words today, but you may have to if you want others to understand your viewpoint. LAPKICURN

Financial questions dominate this day of rest from dawn to sunset. Chances are that all concerned will need more time to resolve these matters.

(Jani 20 to Feb. 18) AQUARIUS You'll have to bend a bit if you want partnership affairs to progress smoothly. Spend some time with friends who'll serve as a buffer zone. PISCES (Feb. 19 to Mar. 20)

Yes, it is a good time to attend to matters of health now, but try not to bore others.



ONDAY PERBUILDY 11 1400

arabneus Pictorial

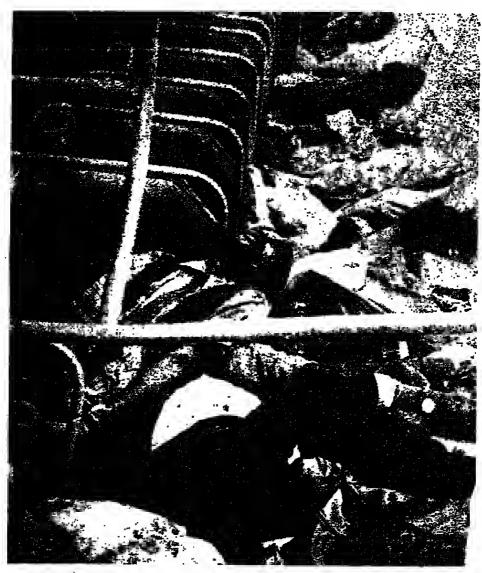
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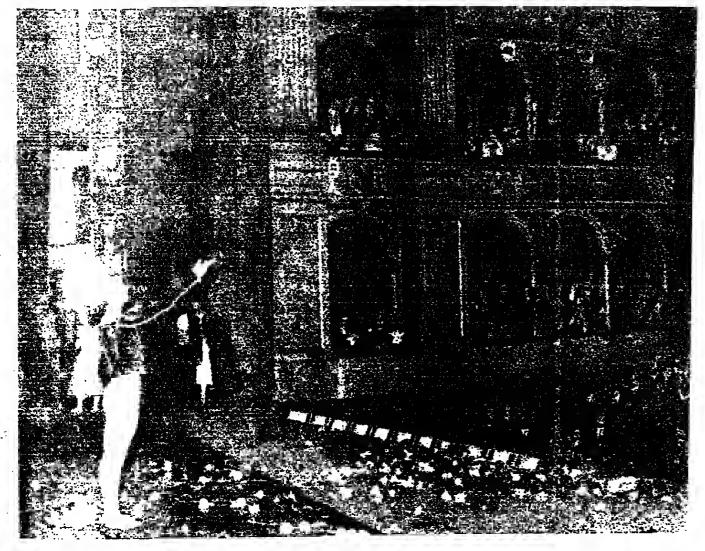
Abolhassan Bani-Sadr becomes first president of Iran







As the Rhodesian elections near the peace becomes increasingly fragile. Robert Mugabe accuses Lord Soames of bias, 13 blacks lie dead in the bus attacked last week in Rusape and terrorists in a ceasefire assembly point keep in practice on a 14.5 mm anti-aircraft gun.





Thaw creates reflections in a Swiss meadow





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Turkomans enter third day of strife

FEHRAN, Feb. 10 (R) - Fifteen people were wounded Sunday in the north eastern Iranian town of Gonbad Kayus on the third day of clashes between revolutionary guards and furkoman guerrillas, hospital sources

Sunday's fighting brought the casualty toll for the three days to at least 10 dead and o5

Three powers schedule new self-rule talks

CAIRO, Feb. 10 (R) — The next round of Palestinian autonomy talks between Egypt, Israel and the U.S. would be held in London on Feb. 26, an Egyptian Foreign Ministry official said here Sunday.

The official said the heads of the three delegations Egyptian Prime Minister Mustapha Khalil, Israeli Interior Minister Yosef Burg and U.S. Middle East envoy Saul Linowitz would be in London on Feb. 26 for the talks.

The three senior delegates concluded two days of talks in Herzlia, north of Tel Aviv, late last month where Egypt and Israel rejected each other's proposals on autonomy for Palestinians in the Jordan West Bank and

Linowitz at the time presented new American ideas which Egyptian officials said were rejected because they were based on splitting powers between Israeli authorities and the

The details of the American ideas were not

The Egyptian plan called for full political. economic and judicial powers for the Palestinians and proposed that self-rule might begin in Gaza before it does in the West Bank.

Israel rejected this plan, and instead offered a limited form of self-rule.

STEAMING WATERS: A pilot launch heads through icy weather in Helsinki harbor as steam rises from the water. Temperatures in Finland dipped to minus 20 degress Celsius

Kid plumbers learn on gold;

The order included a \$ 751 sunken bathtub

with 24-karat plated grab bars, a bidet with

24-karat gold-plated trim and gold-plated fit-

Barnes said he looked over some equip-

ment at Bond Plumbing Supply Co., then

ordered from a brochure that didn't list

prices. He said he didn't think the teaching

aids he ordered were all that plush, and

believes the order of gold plating was "a

Dade County School Superintendent

Johnny Jones signed the requisition as an

"emergency order," allowing the school sys-

tem to bypass normal bidding procedures.

But in this case no teacher had been bired for

the plumbing class, and no students were

typographical error."

school principal questioned

MIAMI, Florida Feb. 10 (AP) - The state

An order for gold-plated bathroom fix-

tures worth \$ 9,000 was listed on MacArthur

South High School records as "basketball

uniforms and equipment," the Miami Herali

The high school's principal, Solomon

Barnes, ordered the deluxe plumbing. He

told the newspaper he didn't know he could

get cheaper fixtures and wanted the best

equipment for a new plumbing class he was

Prosecutors have subpoenaed and ques-

tioned three employees of a plumbing firm

and said they plan to interview school offi-

newspaper reported Friday.

attorney's office is looking into a confusing

affair dubbed "The Gold Plumbing Caper."

injured, according to reports from both sides. A spokeswoman for the hospital in Gonbad Kavus, which is close to the Soviet frontier, said beavy shooting was going on this morning. A local resident, contacted by telephone from Tehran said the Turkomans were firing at the guards from their houses. Furkoman sources said their guerrillas had set up barricades near a 974-year-old brick tower which dominates the town. The revolutionary guards, who form the Tehran government's chief security force, were using grenade laun-

chers and automatic rifles, he added. The guards, in a statement quoted Sunday by the official Pars news agency, revised the figures to eight dead in the fighting so far and described the earlier figure as a mistake.

furkoinan sources put their own easualties at two dead and three injured. They said their wounded were being treated at a hospital in a district of the town which is a mixed Turkoman and Persian population.

The sources said the army, which stepped in last spring to end eight days of bitter clashes leaving dozens dead and hundreds injured, had not so far intervened this nine. The latest fighting crupted on Friday after a march by left-wing Fedayeen to mark the 10th anniversary of a guerrilla uprising against the Shah's regime.

Pars said "disorderly people" had incited the demonstrators against police and revolutionary guards. But the Turkomans said the march was attacked by people who included guards. The clashes resumed Saturday during a sit-in to protest against the pre-

Iran's 100,000 Furkomans, a Furkishspeaking people related to the inhabitants of Soviet Furkmenistan to the north, are seeking greater self-rule through full indepen-

There has been a lengthy land dispute in the area between the furkoman and nonfurkoman population.

A Furkoman spokesman said Sunday, "The Turkomans do not like fighting, we believe in a peaceful solution to the crisis, but now that the fighting has been imposed on them they are determined to fight."



LOVES BOTH: A boy from Lake Placid, New York, site of the winter games, holds the two 1980 Olympic mescots and seems to like both of them. The Lake Placid mescot, a raccoon, is on the left, and the Moscow summer mescot, a Russian bear, is at right.

Vance speaks at Placid

U.S., IOC clash on boycott

LAKE PLACID, New York, Feb. 10 (Agencies) — The administration of U.S. President Jimmy Carter finally had its headon confrontation with the International Olympic Committee Saturday night over the issue of whether the summer Olympics

should be beld in Moscow. U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance told a meeting of the IOC the United States government will oppose sending an American team to Olympic games "in the capital of an invading nanon and urged that the games be moved from the Soviet capital."

In an earlier address, Lord Killanin of Ireland, president of the IOC, urged that the Olympic games be kept free of politics, expressed his dislike of sport being used as a political tool, and also admitted" I have never denied or ignored the intrusion of politics into the Olympic Movement."

Killanin reiterated his stand that the IOC signed a contract with Moscow in 1974 to hold the 1980 summer games there and said it must be bonored. "Solutions to the political problems of the world are not the responsibility of sporting bodies such as the International Olympic Committee, but of the appropriate governmental organizations."

There was long, loud applause for Killanin but when Vance finished speaking, only two delegates applauded. Reporters could not tell which ones they were or which countries they represented.

The other delegates, approximately 65 of them, sat with their hands in their laps at the coadusion of Vance's remarks spelling out the U.S. government position.

Carter bas asked the committee to postpone, cancel or move the summer games from Moscow if the Soviet Union does not withdraw its troops from Afghanistan by Feb. 20. If the occupation continues past that date, the president does not want U.S. athletes to

State Department officials said, meanwhile, they have received information the Soviet Union is planning to make a "token" withdrawal of troops within the next three or four weeks to defuse Western opposition. The Russians began moving troops into the country in late December and installed a puppet government.

Vance had met with Killanin before the opening of the IOC meeting and there were reports he implored Vance not to inject politics into his welcoming speech to delegates here to meet before the Lake Placid Winter Olympics.

However, a prepared text of Vance's remarks had been shown to reporters in Washington earlier Saturday and be followed it almost to the letter.

After Killanin's plea to Vance had failed. he called Vitaly Smirnov of the Soviet Union to his room and asked the Soviet IOC delegate to do bis best to avert what had been rumored as a walkout of the meeting if Vance spoke of Carter's position.

The Associated Press learned that Juan Samaranche of Spain, chief IOC protocol officer and Spanish Ambassador to the Soviet Union, canvassed members of the committee and convinced them not to walk out or put up any other kind of demonstration in reaction to Vance's remarks.

However, Vance's appeal for 2 Moscow Olympic boycott amounted to "crude political interference" in the affairs of the International Olympic Committee, Tass said Sun-

in a dispatch from Lake Placid, New York, the Soviet News Agency said Vance's speech

Saturday before the IOC was "unpre-

cedented in the history of the International

Olympic Committee's sessions."

"Juggling with cold war pbraseology, the Secretary of State - in the name of the U.S. President - again made provocative demands to move the Olympics from Moscow or cancel them altogether," Tass said.

It added that Vance's speech "was in effect another example of crude political interference in the affairs of the IOC. While Tass made its remarks, a West Ger-

man sports chief was quoted Sunday as saying postponement of the Moscow Olympics was the only answer in view of controversy over the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan.

Willi Weyer head of the West German Sports Federation, told the mass-circulation Bild Am Sonntag the Olympics should symbolise pez ce, but this was made impossible by the Afghan situation.

It was the first time a senior sporting official in West Germany had questioned the bolding of the Moscow Olympics. Weyer's remarks also contrasted with a speech be made last month insisting that sport should not become "a political cudgel."

In the Bild interview, be said he was still hoping for a move by the Soviet Union to resolve the issue.

"The conclusion is that at present only a postponement of the Olympic games is poss-Boxer-diplomat Muhammad Ali, mean-

while, met two African presidents within six hours and was provoked by a Soviet reporter. into attacking the Soviet Union. Paradoxically, he received his warmest

welcome of the tour in Senegal, the one country which had announced in advance it would not boycott the Moscow Olympics.

The former world heavyweight champion, asked by President Carter to seek black African support for the boycott to protest against Soviet intervention in Afghanistan, had what officials said were warm and cordial talks with Liberian President William Tolbert.

He then flew to Senegal and spent an informal bour with President Leopold Sedar Senghor in bis beach-side summer bouse outside the capital, Dakar, last stop on a fivenation tour.

Ali said the Soviet Union had taken over in Afghanistan and pnt its own people in power. "So I would never hear the truth. But I've seen films of the Russian tanks, the Russian troops, and the Russian guns. My eyes don't

"Communism is against Christianity, against Islam, against Buddhism," Ali told

McHenry in Kuwait for discussions

KUWAIT Feb. 10 (AP) - U.S. Ambassador to the United Nations Donald McHenry arrived in Kuwait Sunday on the first leg of a seven-nation tour of the area.

McHenry told newsmen at the airport that he will discuss with Kuwaiti officials several matters that have close links with the Middle East and South East Asia, and the responsibility of the United Nations in this regard.

"I emphasize that we will continue to work with other U.N. inembers to secure the territorial integrity of all states and to secure the fundamental rights for all the peoples to achieve their religious, cultural and political rights without any foreign intervention."

Mugabe survives bomb blast

FORT VICTORIA, Rhodesia, Feb. 10 (Agencies) - Nationalist leader Robert Mugabe survived an attempt on his life Sunday when a bomb planted under a road in this southern Rhodesian town almost blew up his car, police said.

Mugabe escaped unhurt, police said. His car was on the way to the local airport from an election rally when a bomb estimated at 40 kilograms went off in a culvert seconds after

his vehicle had passed by. There was no immediate word on who planted the explosives.

The blast, which gouged a massive hole in the road, caught one of two following cars which careered into the bush causing slight injuries to its occupants, police said.

The bomb was defonated by remote control and must have been triggered by someone about 30 meters away, a police statement

After the attack helicopters buzzed overhead and troops fanned out into the bush. The road was sealed off as Mugabe was escorted to the airport where be boarded a flight back to his Salisbury headquarters.

Meanwhile, in Salisbury, eleven black Rhodesian nationalists who say they were tortured after an attempted coup against Mugabe have joined one of his arch-rivals for elections scheduled at month's end.

The eleven, who say they were tortured and thrown into pits in Mozambique after an attempted coup against Mugabe's leadership. are among the 64 Mugabe ZANU (PF) dissidents released from detention in Mozambique last month at the insistence of British governor Lord Soames.

They are joining the Rev. Ndabaningi Sithole's Zimbabwe African National Council as candidates. Their pames will be announced Monday.

On Saturday, spokesman Rugare Gumgo said it was not known what the remainder of

the group would do. "It is possible that some would like to join another party," he said, "They are free to do

The decision by the eleven lends weight to Sithole's party. As a signatory to Rhodesia's March 1978 internal agreement with former white Prime Minister Ian Smith, Sithole was generally regarded by black Rhodesians as a

But baving attracted some of the guerrilla dissidents into his fold, be may again be regarded as a militant, observers say. It was being confidently predicted that he would win no more than two seats in the elections, but the fact that the dissidents are from the powerful Karanga tribe could take seats away from Mugabe's Snona-dominated ZANU

(PF) party. Gumbo, a member of the ZANU (PF) high command before joining the revolt against Mugabe's leadership, claimed Saturday that ZANU (PF) was in a state of siege.

"There is dissension from top to bottom," be said. "Mugabe's piecemeal solution to party and national prolems coupled with his reckless policies will plunge Zimbabwe into disaster.

In Addis Ababa, foreign ministers of the Organization of African Unity unanimously condemned Britain for "insidious" bandling of the Rhodesian peace accords, official Ethiopian radio reported Sunday.

Those who missed our news story alway the life forecast machine may like to know us inventors claim it can give man a pic ture of life as it will be 25 years hence.

The American scientists who built is have already successfully used it to deter mine longevity. They fed it millions i facts on a paracular man's cating, dnnk ing, working, sleeping and playing habite It spat back a report on the kind of life h would likely pursue, and warned againdoing harmful things while suggesting what he could do instead to have a long-

The questioner is, of course, free to be low the machine's advice or just go of living his usual way. The instrument als leaves it to him to believe or disbelieve th picture it paints of his future self.

Many men aren't so anxious to knohow they will look in a quarter of a cer tury. I suspect. Many don't want to kno how they appear now. And if a man can stand the sight of old age, what about woman who sees herself powdered wit cosmetics, grasping for the last glimmer

Perhaps worse would be the case of the fellow who asks the machine about it future only to see the screen fill with war lines then go blank. The questioner wou get the chills and everybody around hi would start rehearsing condolences.

And what would happen if we fed the machine a picture of today's Arab wor and asked how it would look after ? years? I suppose the screen would explor with zig-zags and blotches like a Picas masterpiece.
Translated from Asharq Al Awsor

Nixon vacates San Clemente

SAN CLEMENTE, Colifornia, Feb. (AP) - Formet U.S. President Richard Nixon quietly departed his palatial seas estate, leaving the dream house where he lived since his presidency fell in disgrace The rambling, Spanish-style estate of

known as the Western White House, I hecome Nixon's Eiba, the place where spent 51/2 years in self-imposed calle after resigned the United States presidency Nixon and his wife, pat, moving to N

York city where they have bought a 12-re-\$750,000 townhouse. They say they wan be near their daughters who live on the coast. The Nixons flew to Florida for a b vacation before going on to New York. "My heart will always he in Californ Nixon was quoted as saying recently.

But be bad no public words of farewel his final day at La Casa Pacifica, the 29estate on a bluff overlooking the Pa They will settle into an exclusive neight

ing on East 65th Street between Lexing and Third avenues, neighbors include bar David Rockefeler, film director Otto I minger and bistorian Arthur Schlesinger

In 1969, when he bought the Spanish-s California mansion for \$1.4 million La C Pacifica was Nixon's pride, the symbol of rise to political and financial success fr poor beginning in nearby Whittier. Calif



